

# Scalar QCD

**Axel Maas  
with Tajdar Mufti**

5<sup>th</sup> of September 2013  
QCD TNT III  
Trento  
Italy

**DFG**



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## Bound States, Elementary Particles & Interaction Vertices

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- Only confinement – no chiral symmetry breaking
  - Confinement independent of Lorentz structure

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  - Confinement independent of Lorentz structure
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- Cheap lattice simulations
  - Test case for functional equations
- Limited by (possible) triviality
  - But triviality cutoff can be high enough

# Scalar QCD

- Gauge theory



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$$L = -\frac{1}{4} A_{\mu\nu}^a A_a^{\mu\nu}$$

$$A_{\mu\nu}^a = \partial_\mu A_\nu^a - \partial_\nu A_\mu^a$$



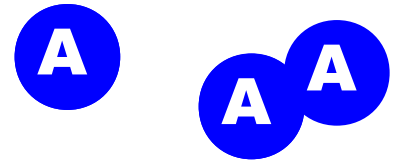
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- Coupling  $g$  and some numbers  $f^{abc}$

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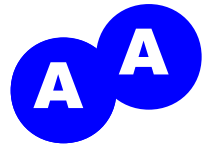
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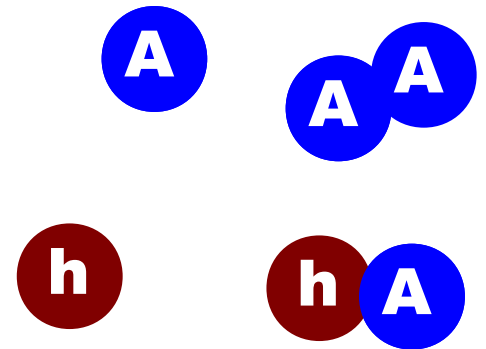
$$D_{\mu}^{ij} = \delta^{ij} \partial_{\mu} - ig A_{\mu}^a t_a^{ij}$$

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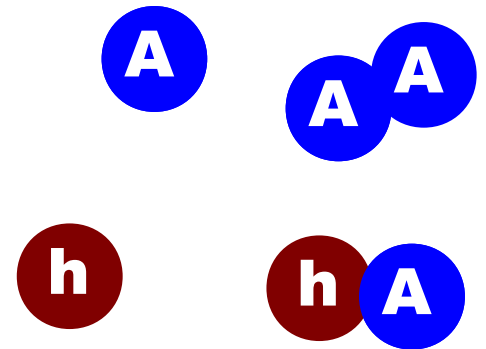
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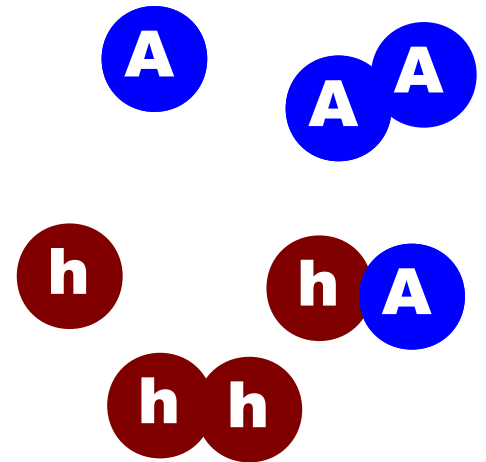
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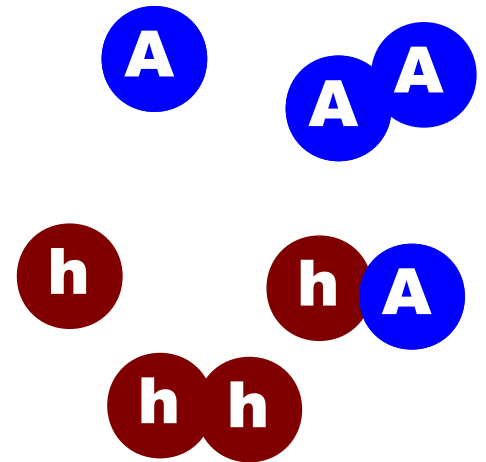
- **Scalar quarks**  $h_i$

- Couplings  $g, v=0, \lambda=0$  and some numbers  $f^{abc}$  and  $t_a^{ij}$

- Scalar self-interaction set to zero

- Gauge group SU(2)

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# Symmetries

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- Local SU(2) gauge symmetry

- Invariant under arbitrary gauge transformations  $\phi^a(x)$

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- Global SU(2) quark flavor symmetry

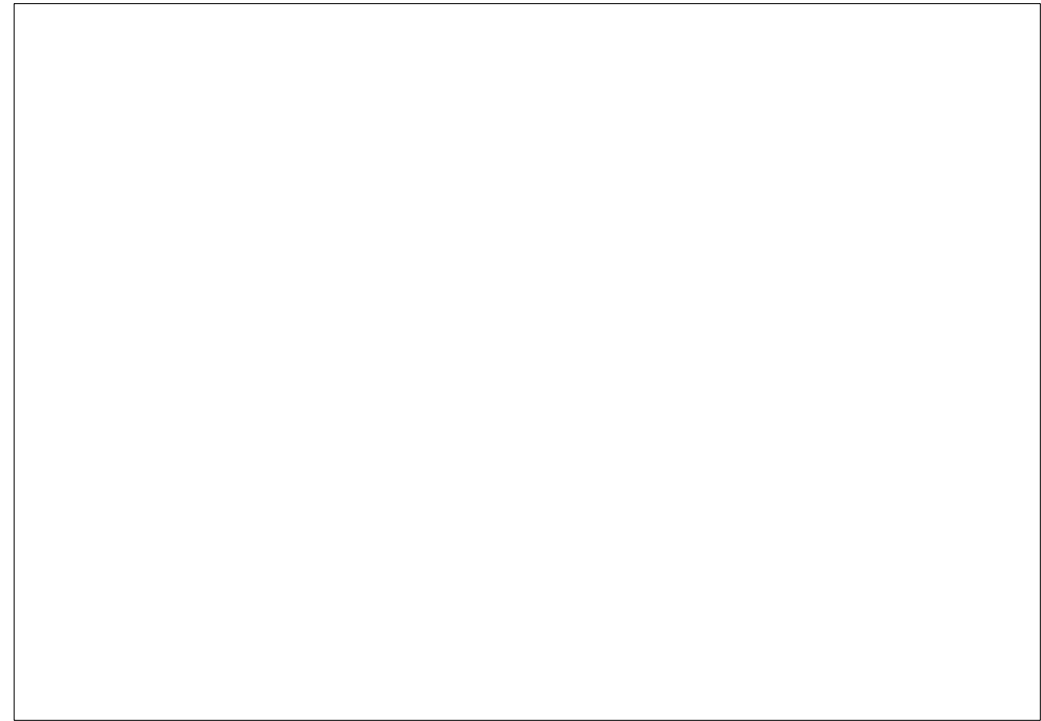
- Acts as right-transformation on the quark field only

$$A_{\mu}^a \rightarrow A_{\mu}^a \qquad h_i \rightarrow h_i + a^{ij} h_j + b^{ij} h_j^*$$

# QCD-like vs. Higgs-like

[Fradkin & Shenker PRD'79  
Caudy & Greensite PRD'07]

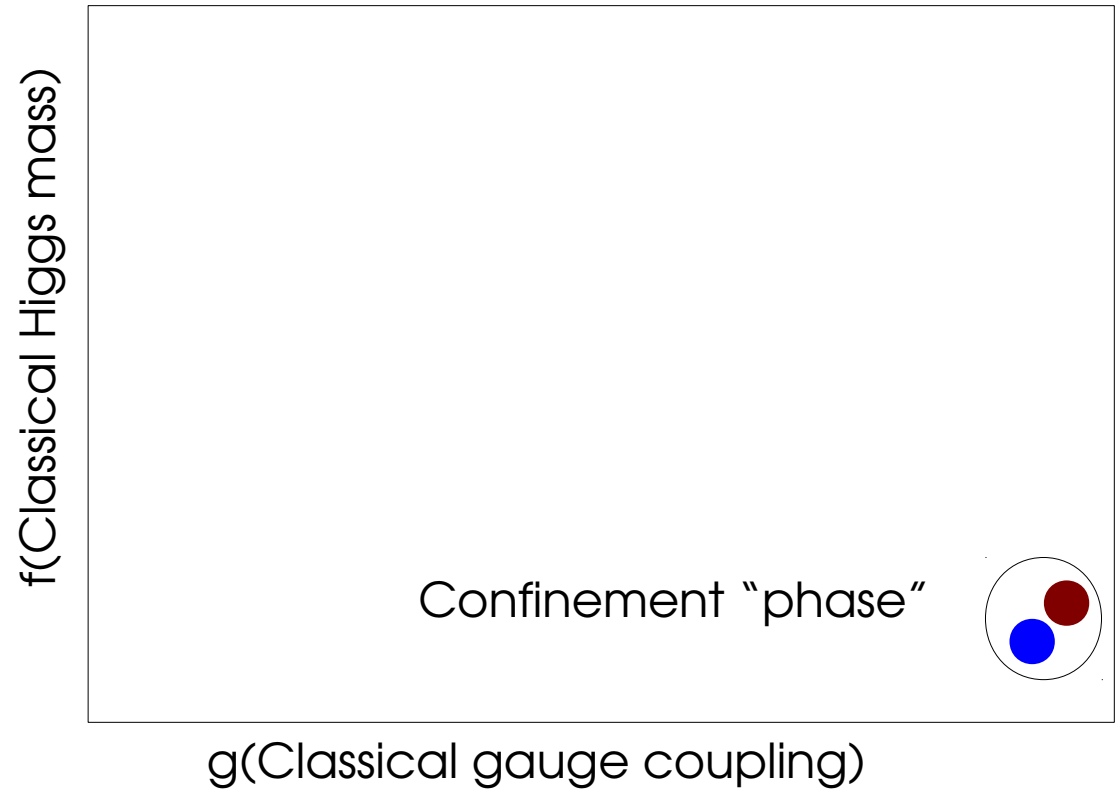
f(Classical Higgs mass)



g(Classical gauge coupling)

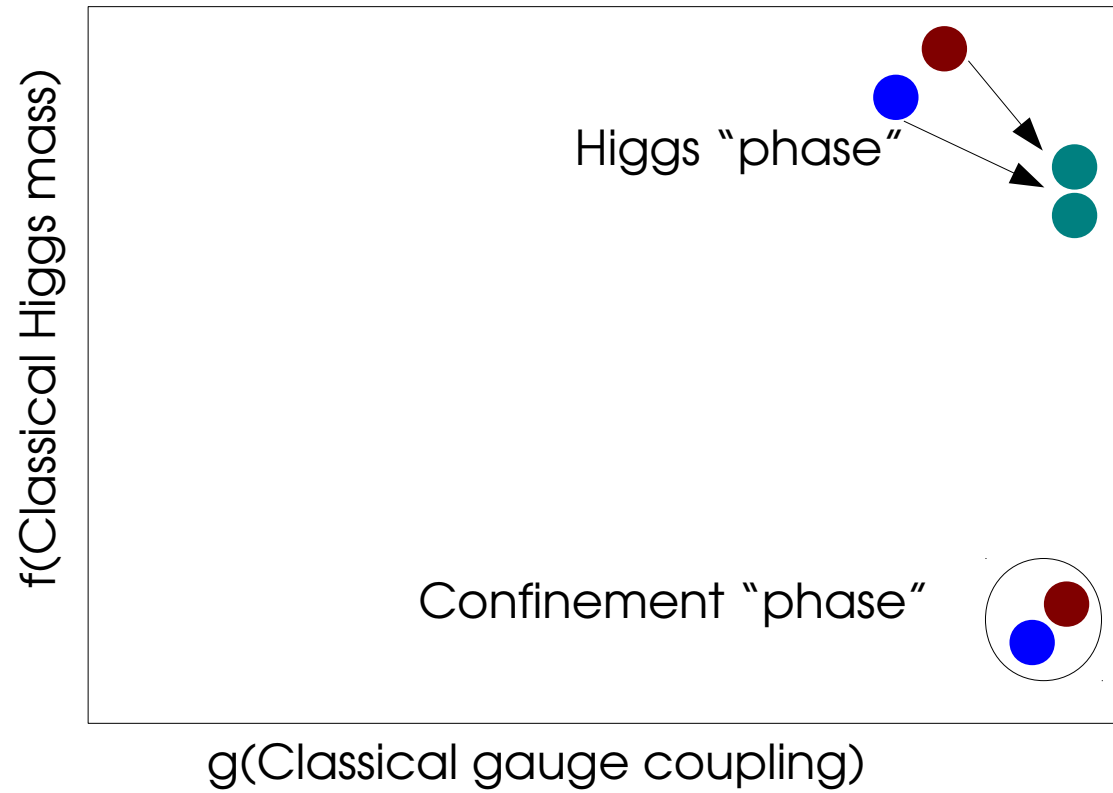
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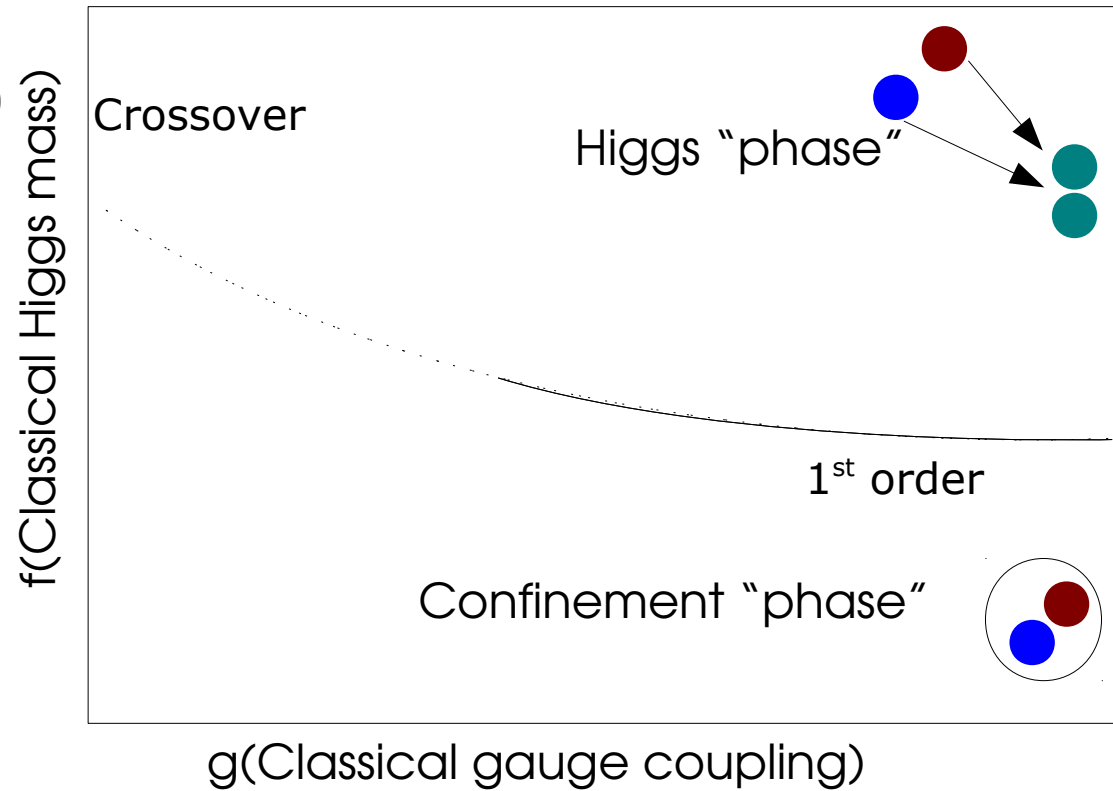
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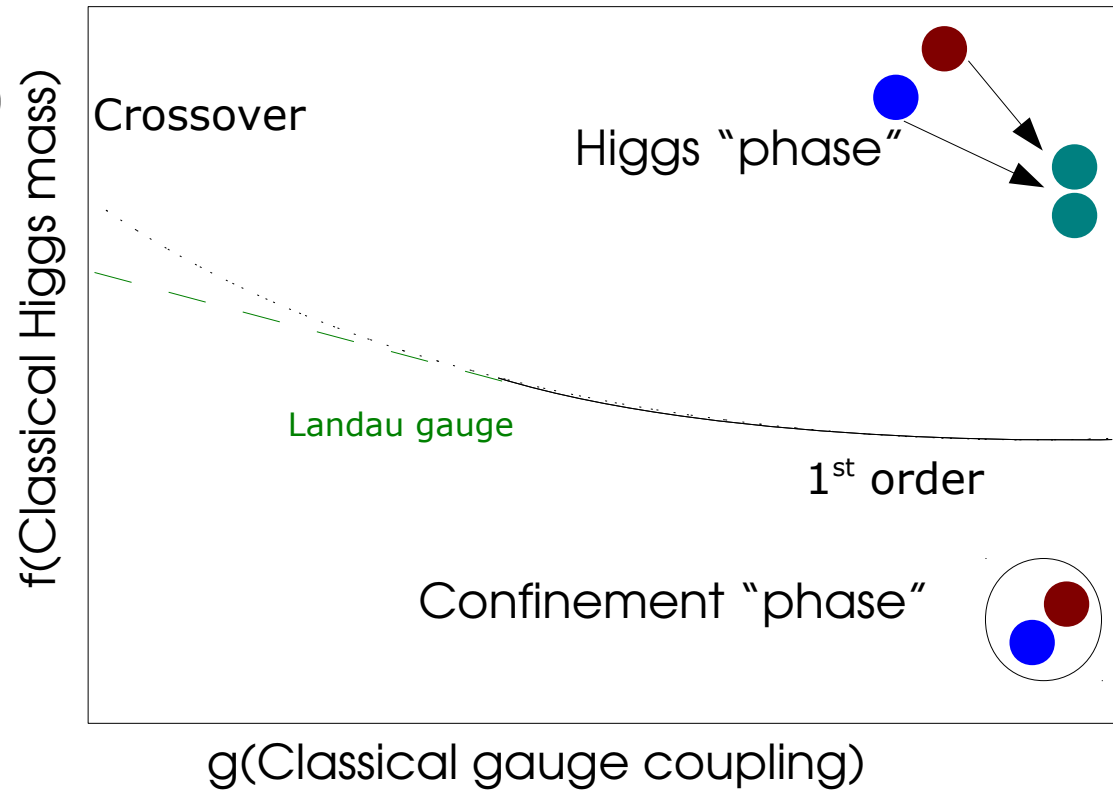
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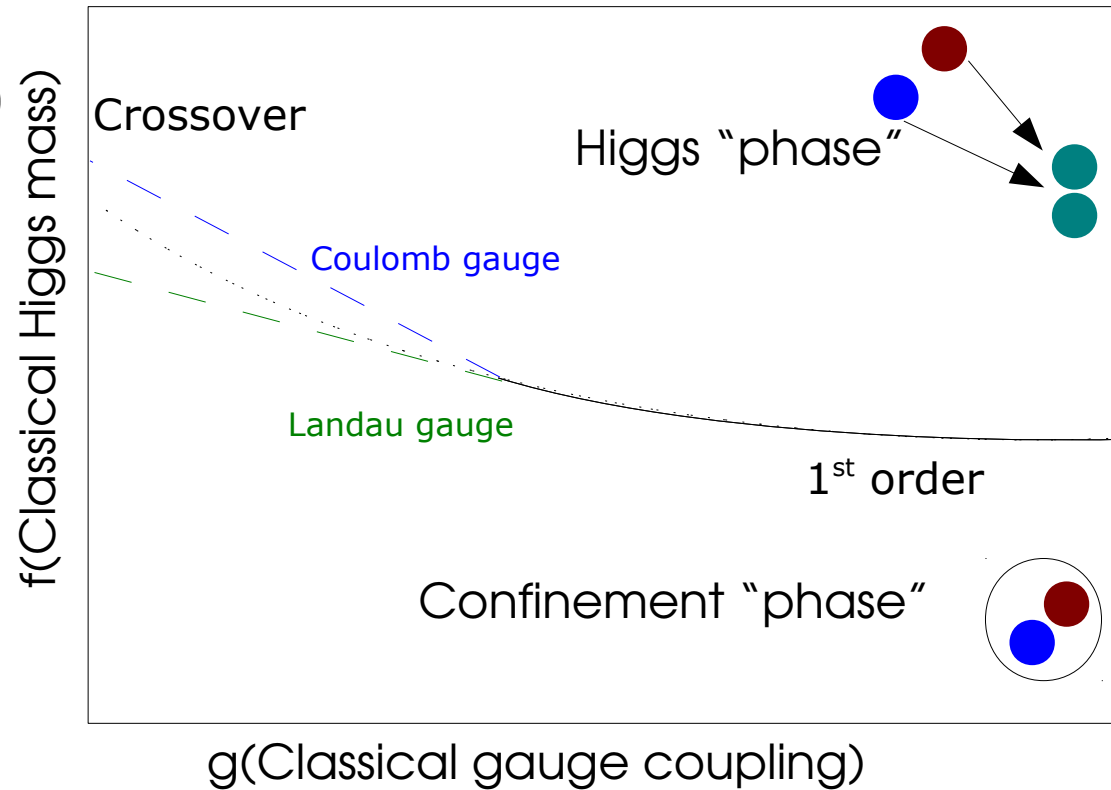
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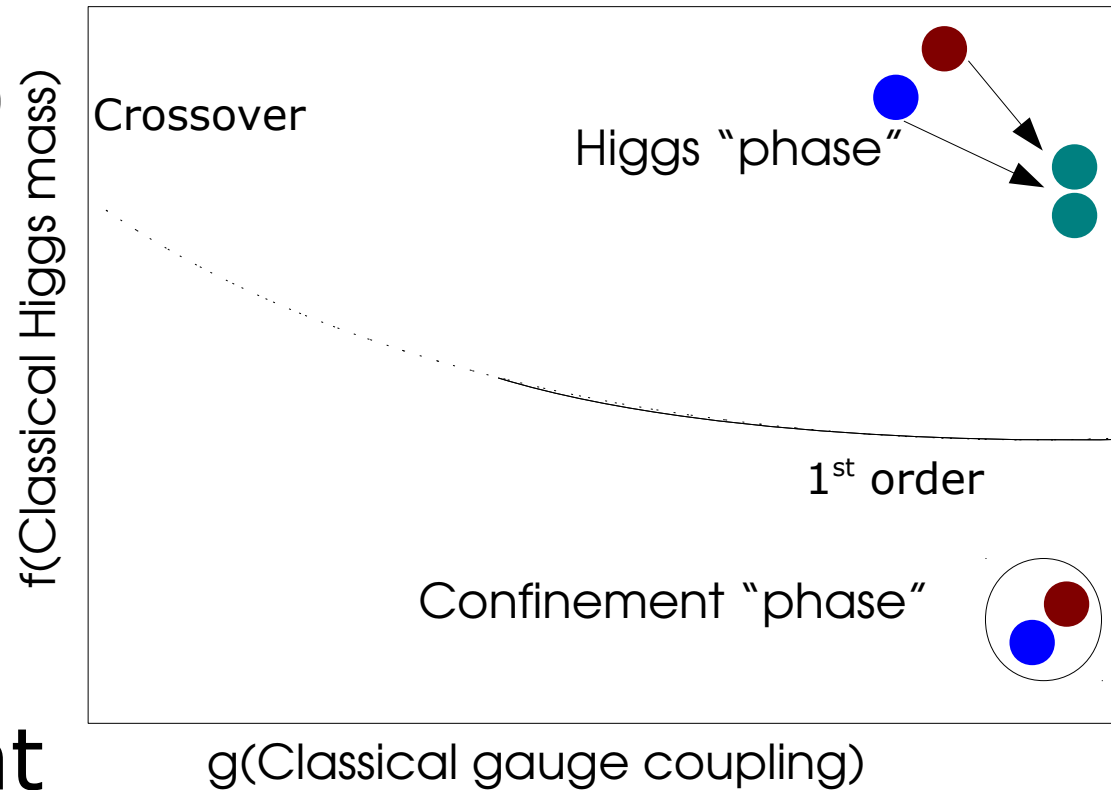




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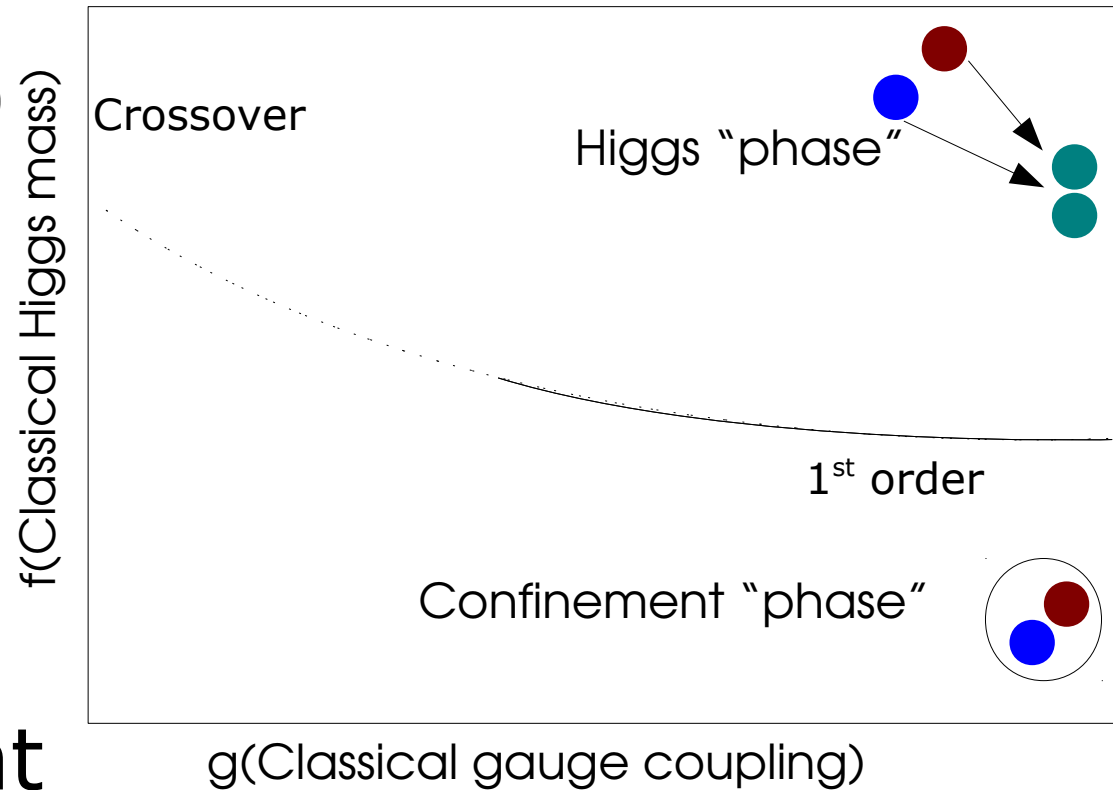
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- Same physical state space in confinement and Higgs pseudo-phases, irrespective of couplings



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- (Lattice-regularized) phase diagram continuous
  - Separation only in fixed gauges
- Same physical state space in confinement and Higgs pseudo-phases, irrespective of couplings
  - Asymptotic states depend on whether ground states for given  $J^{PC}_F$  are stable



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[Maas, MPLA'12]

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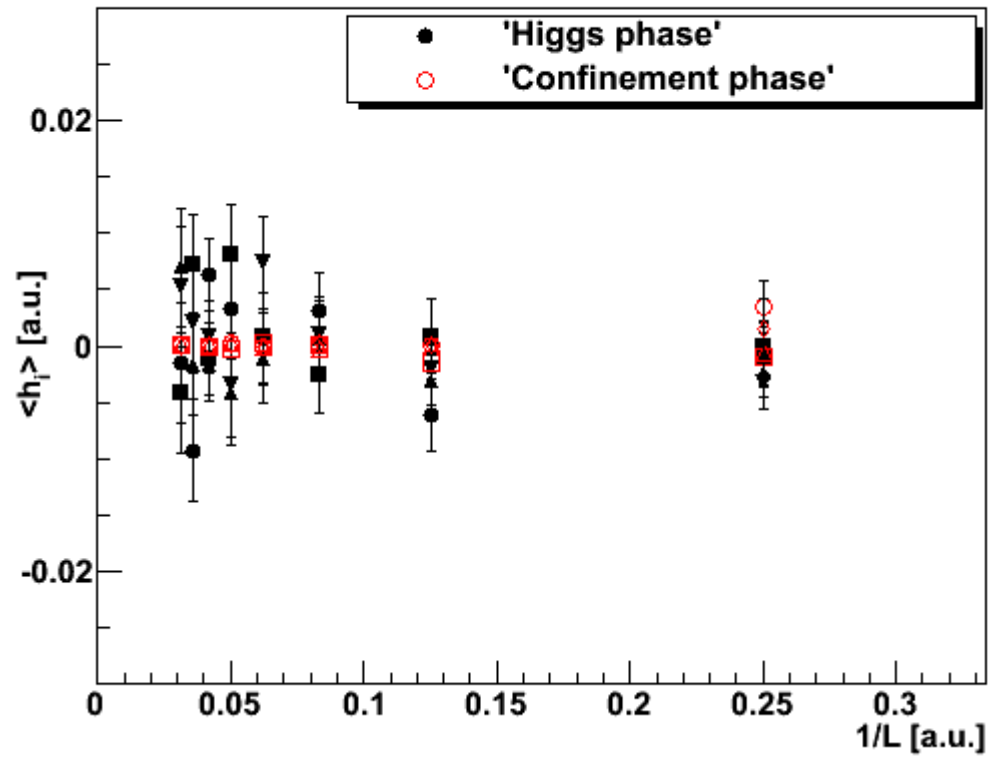
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    - Introduces usual Faddeev-Popov ghosts
  - Global part fixed by  $\langle h \rangle = 0$ 
    - Aligned Landau gauges also possible

# Differentiating phases

[Maas, MPLA'12,  
Caudy & Greensite'07]

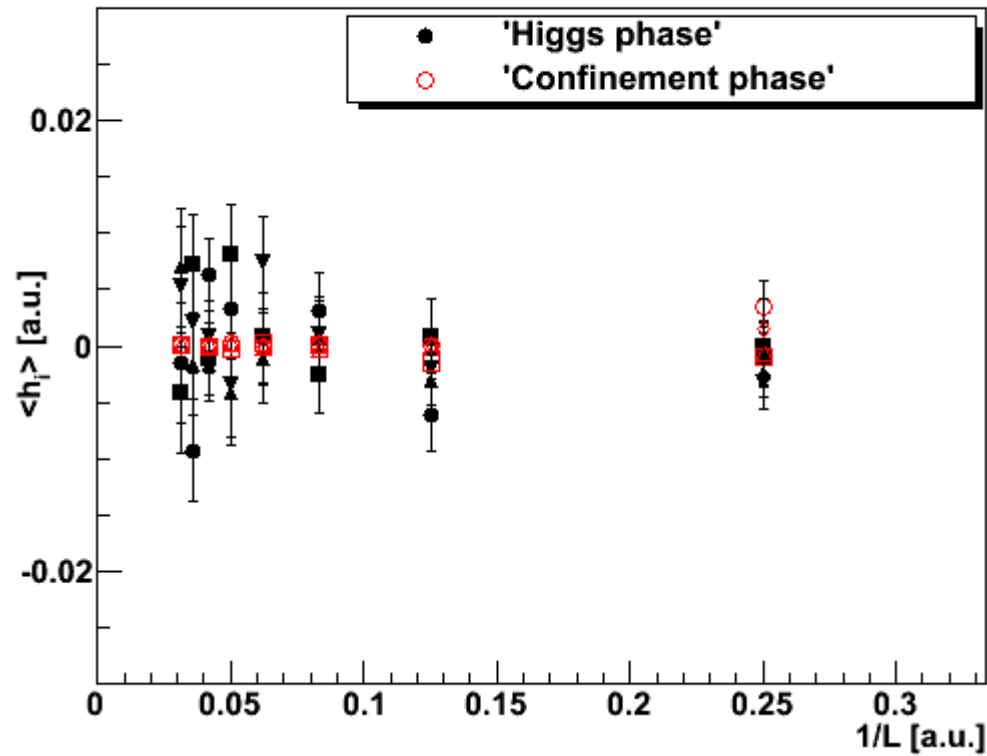
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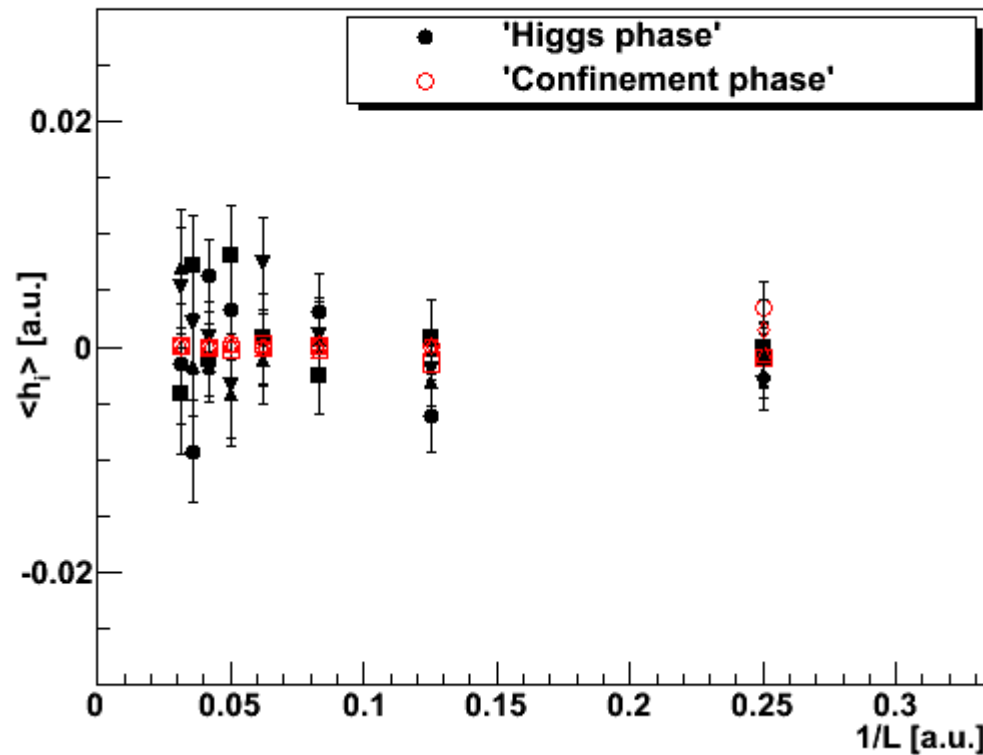
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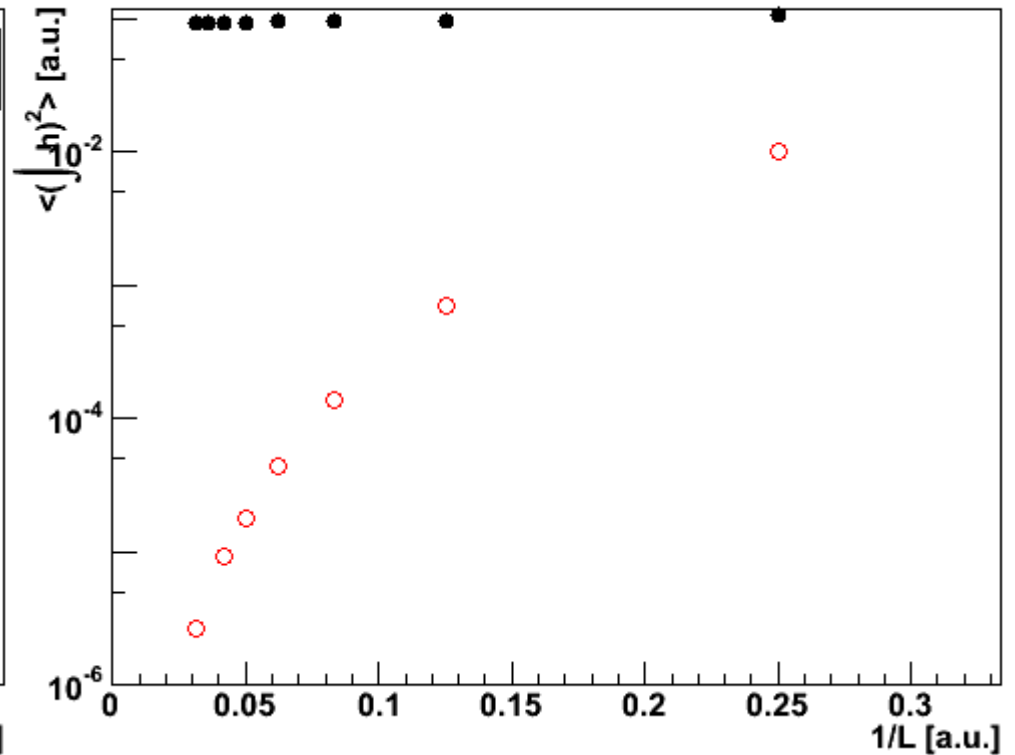
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Relative magnetization

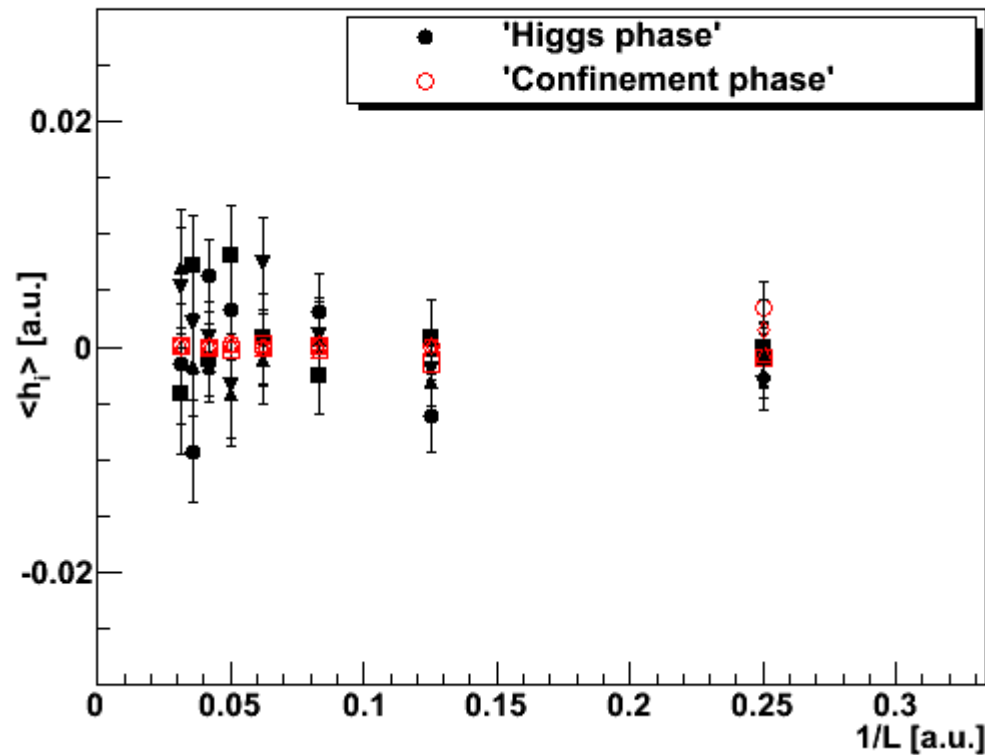


- How to distinguish phases?
- Relative orientation  $\langle \int h dx \int h dy \rangle$ 
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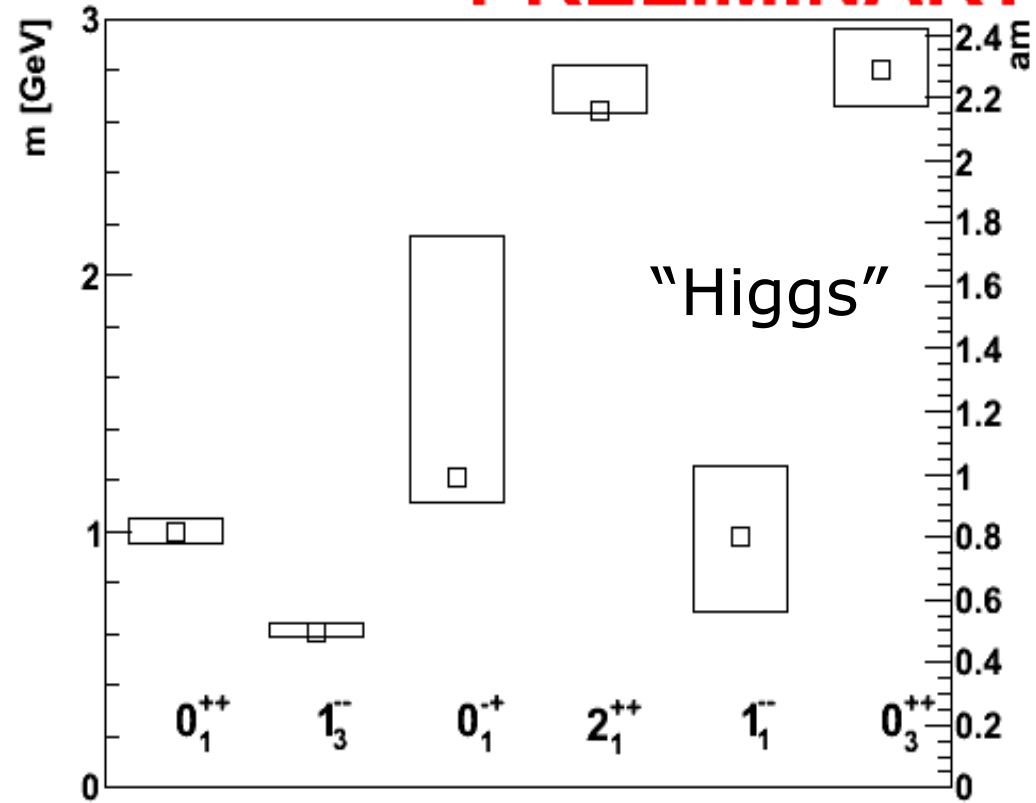


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- Relative orientation  $\langle \int h dx \int h dy \rangle$ 
  - $\int h dx$  is the magnetization
- But not so important anyway...

# Typical spectra

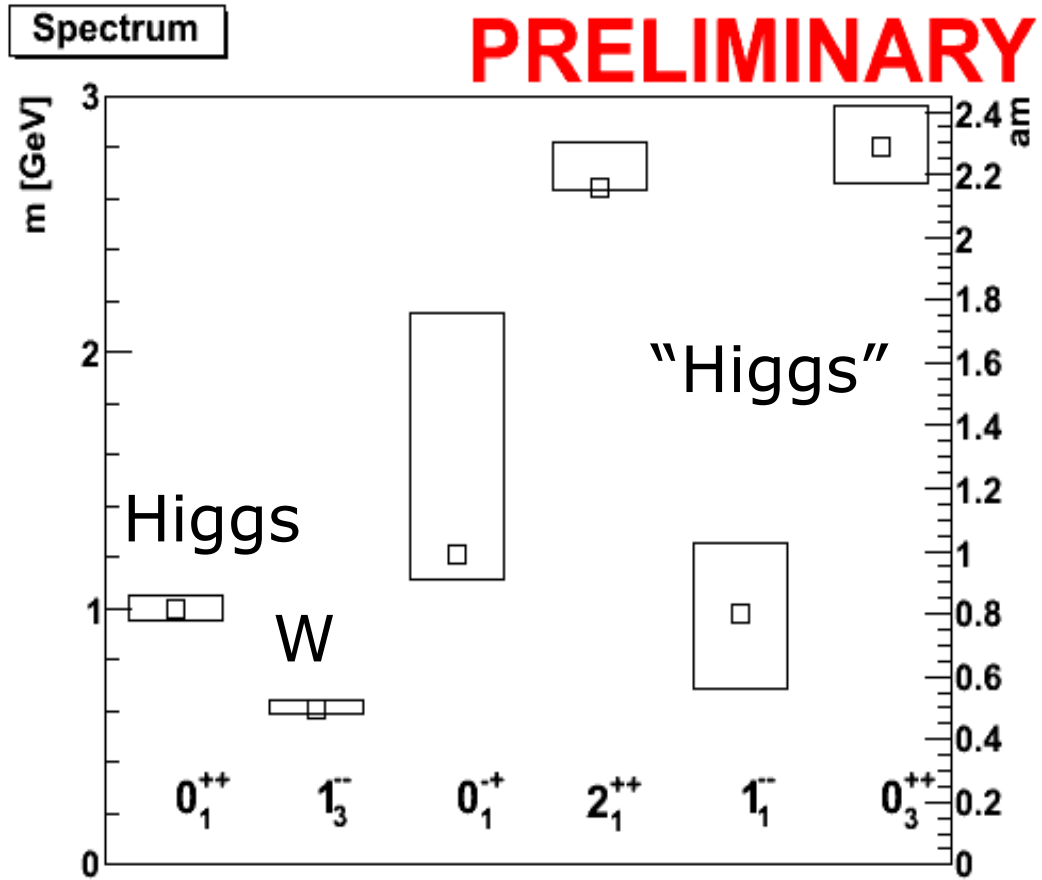
Spectrum

**PRELIMINARY**

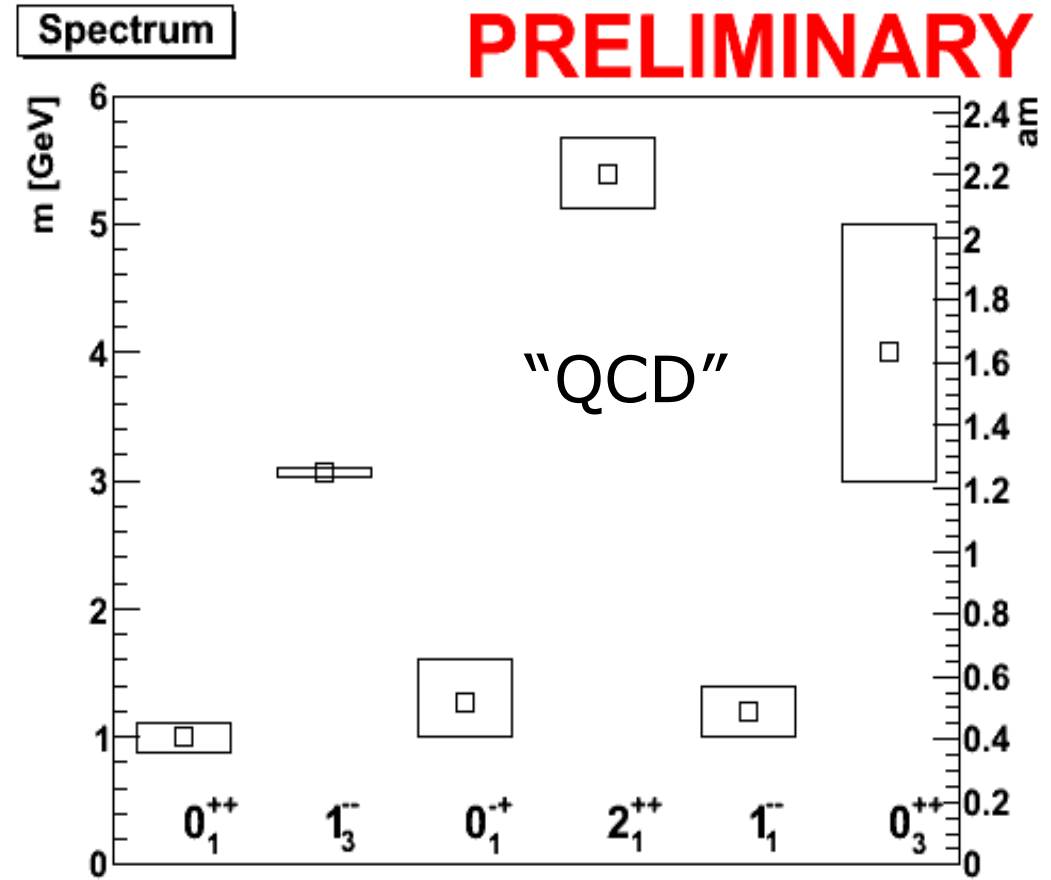
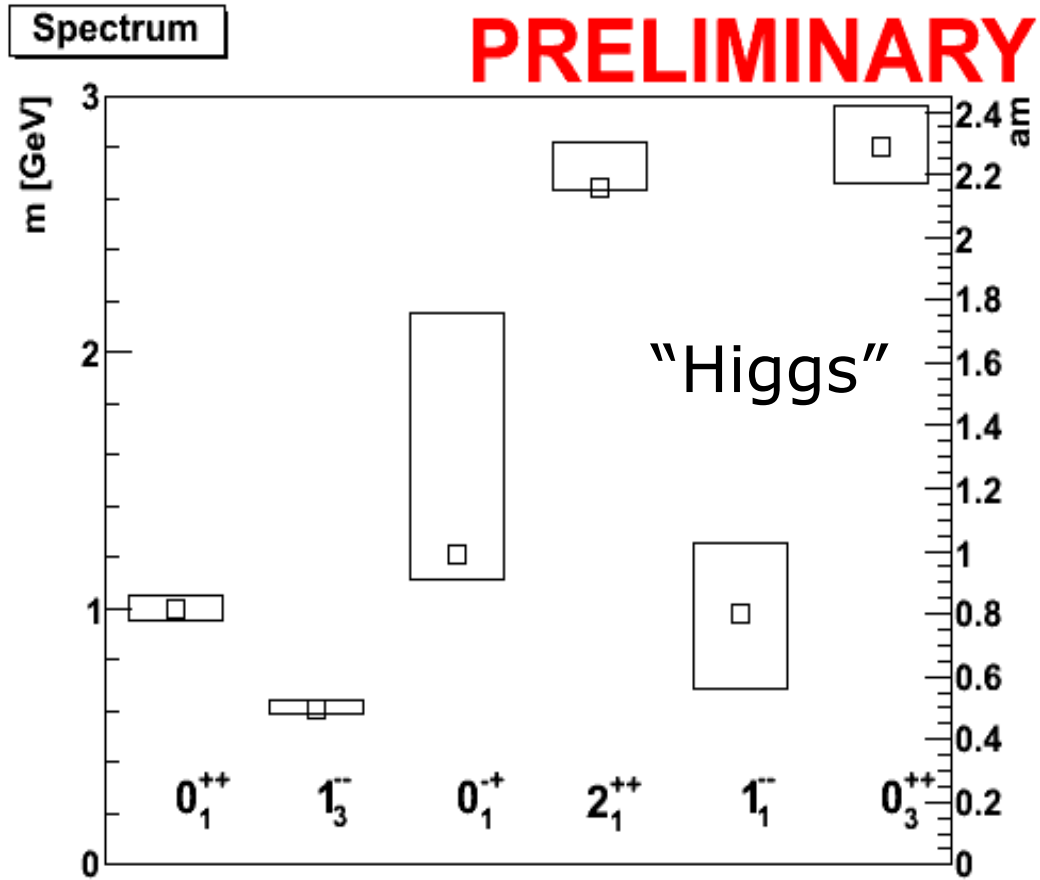


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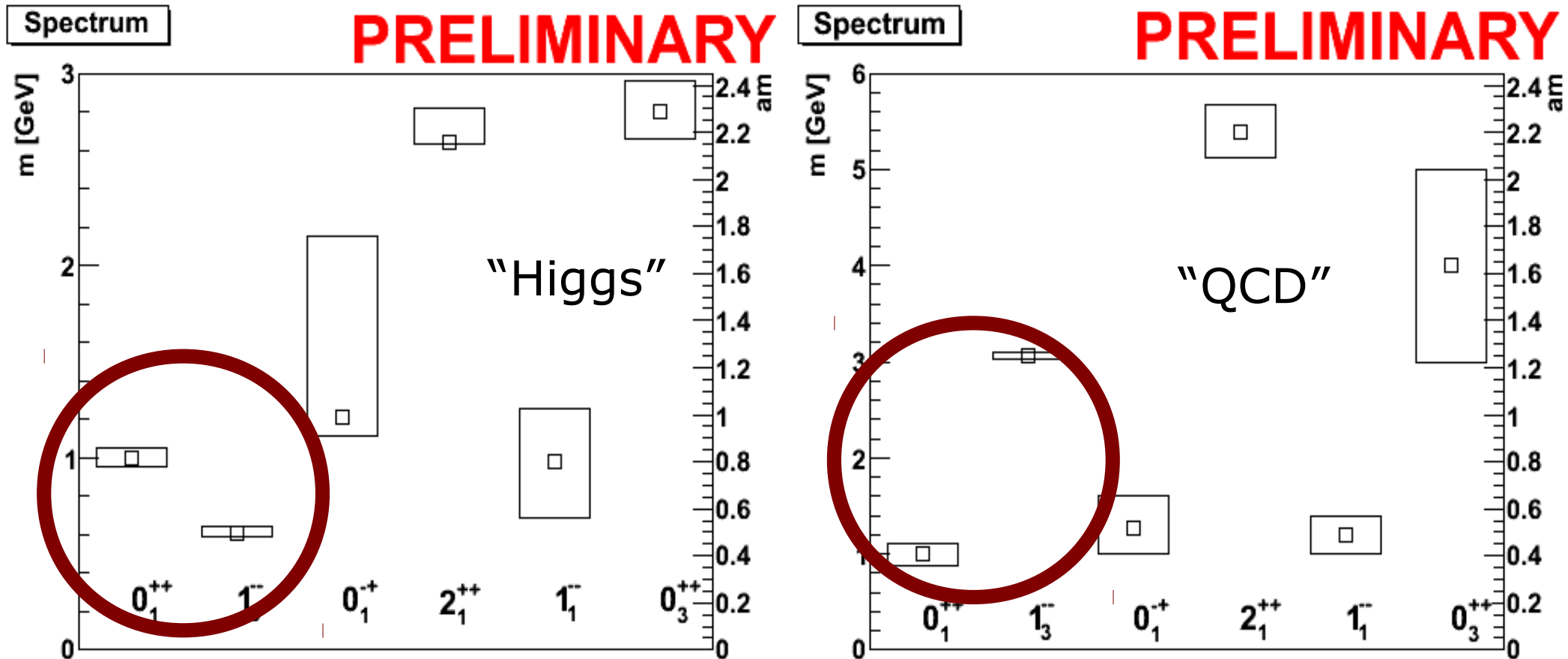
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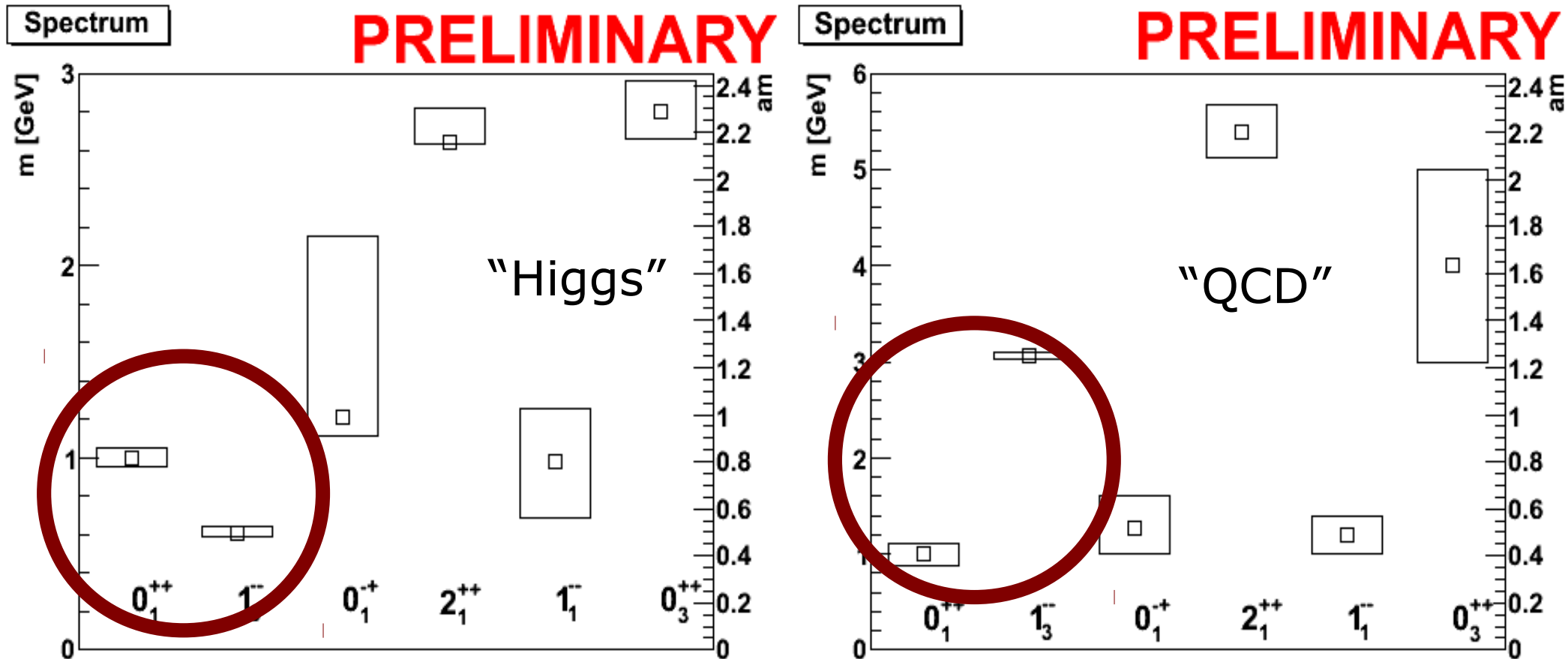


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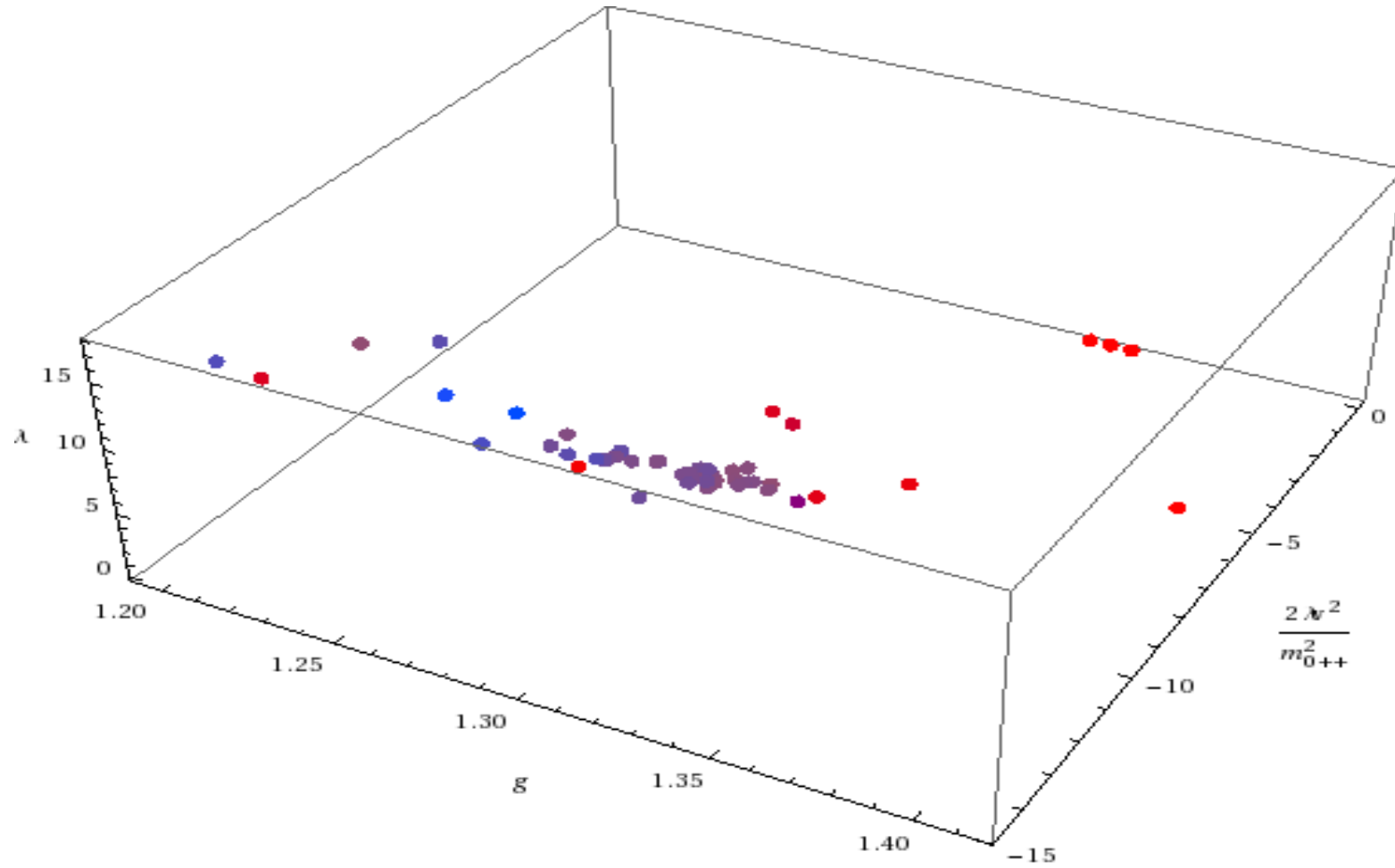
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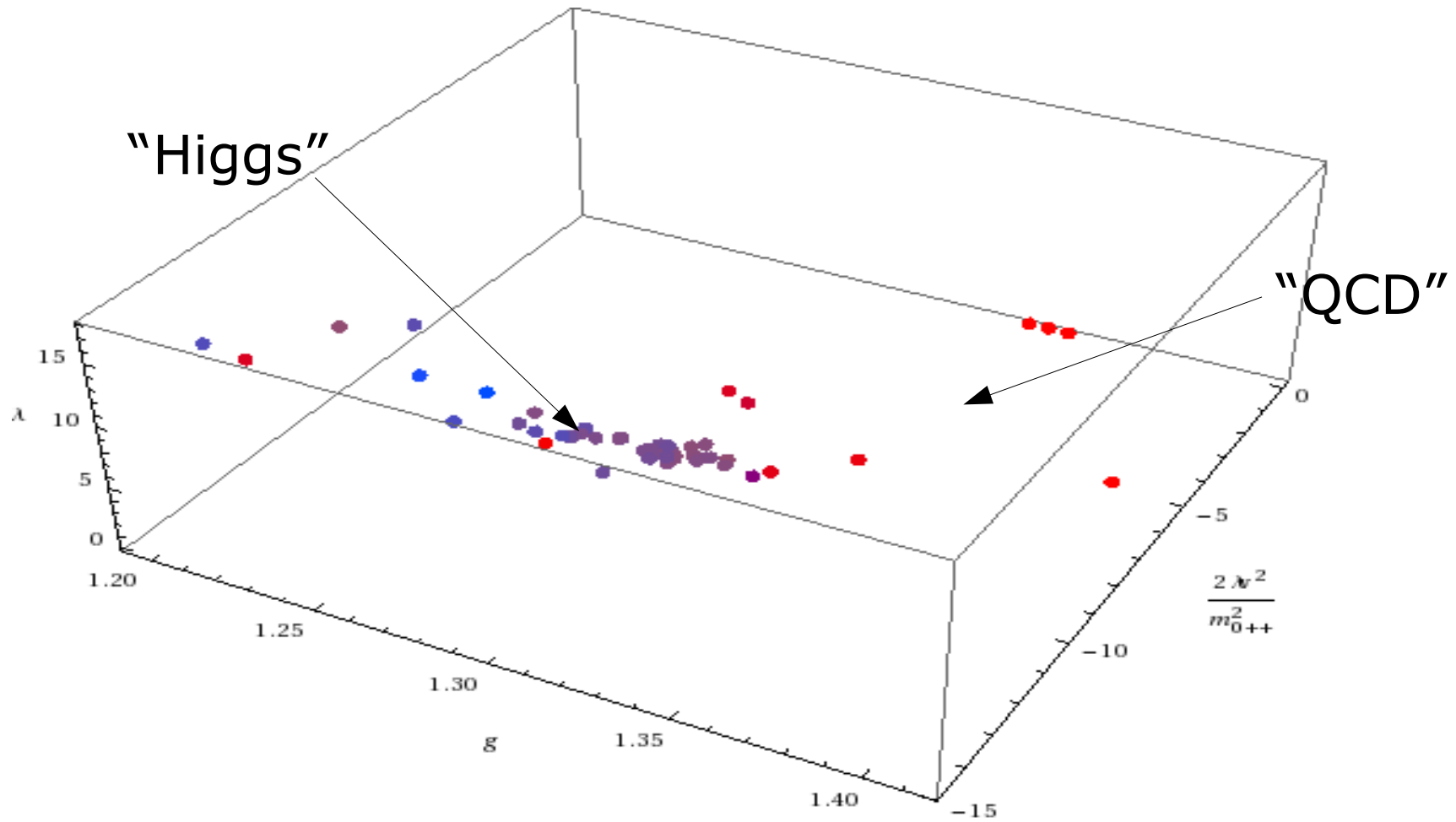
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- Use as operational definition of phase

# Phase diagram



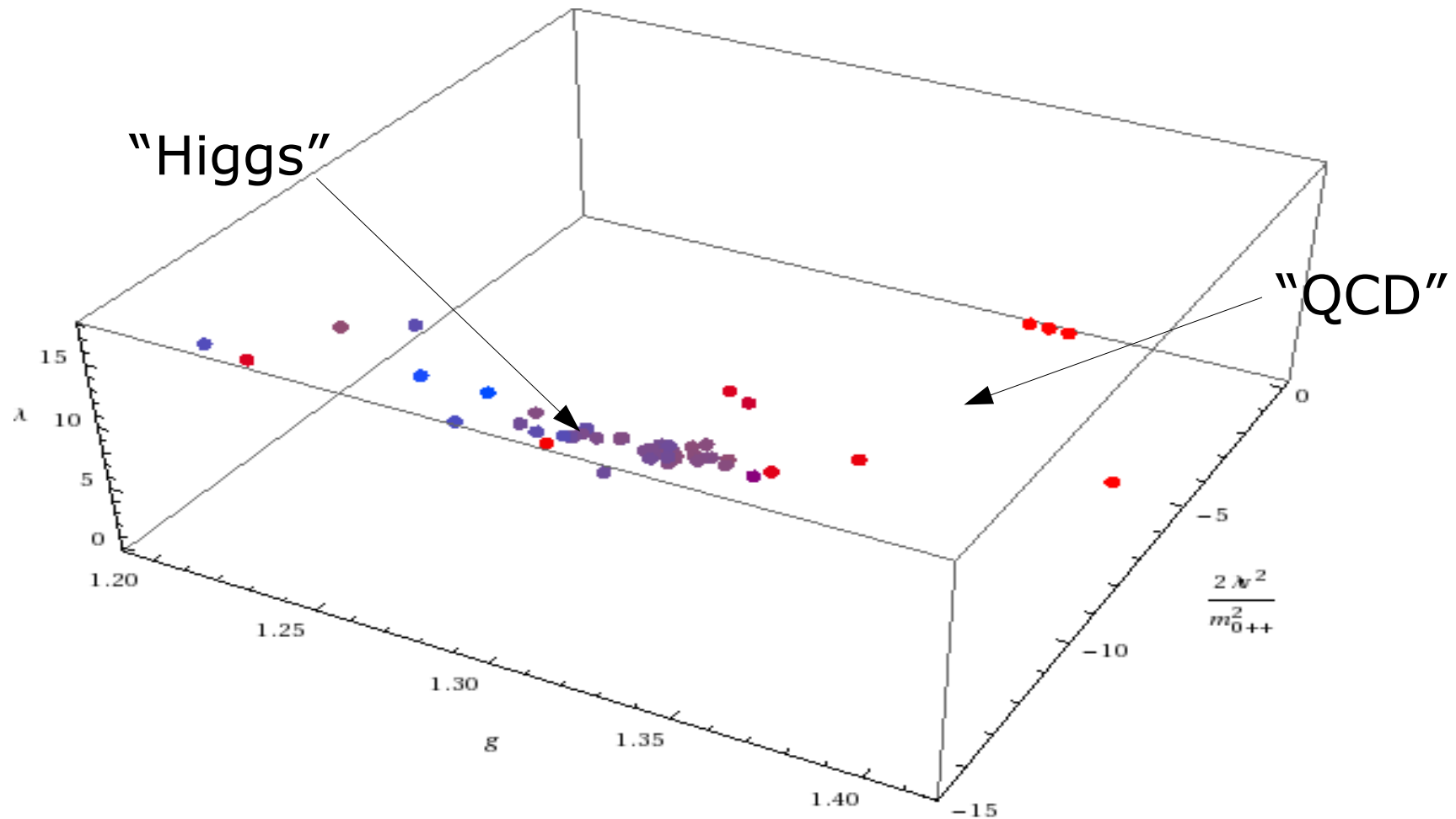


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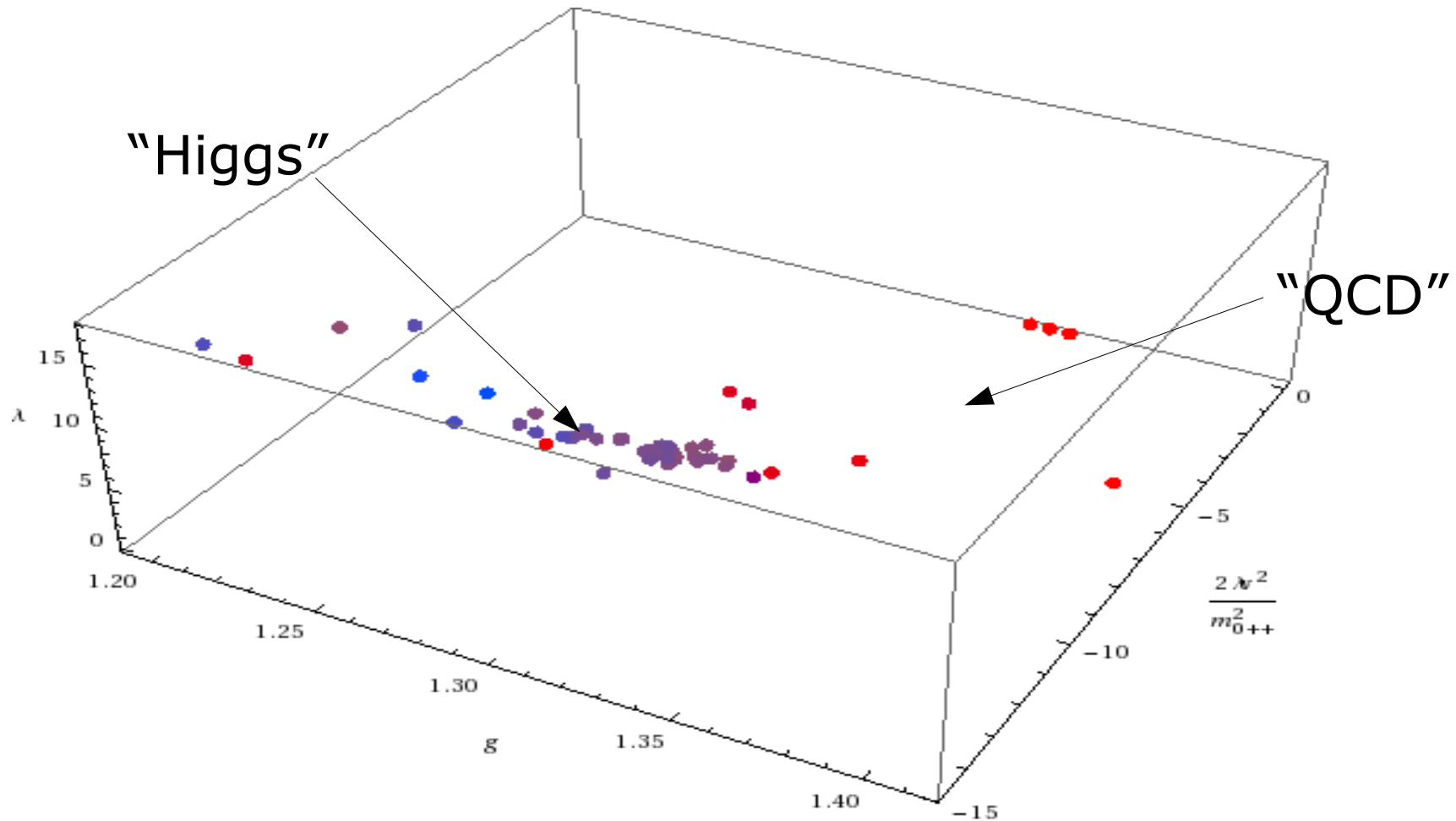
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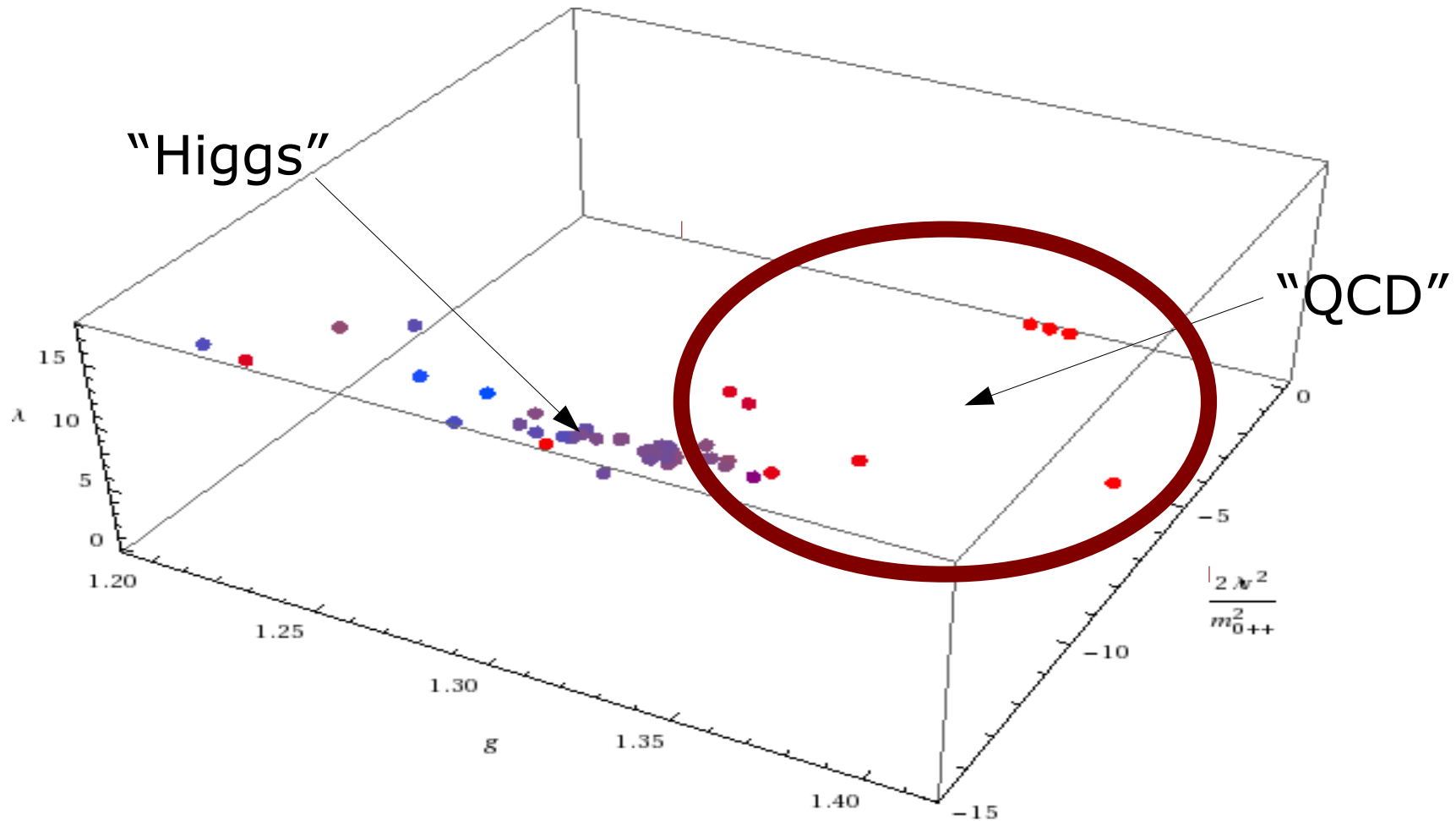
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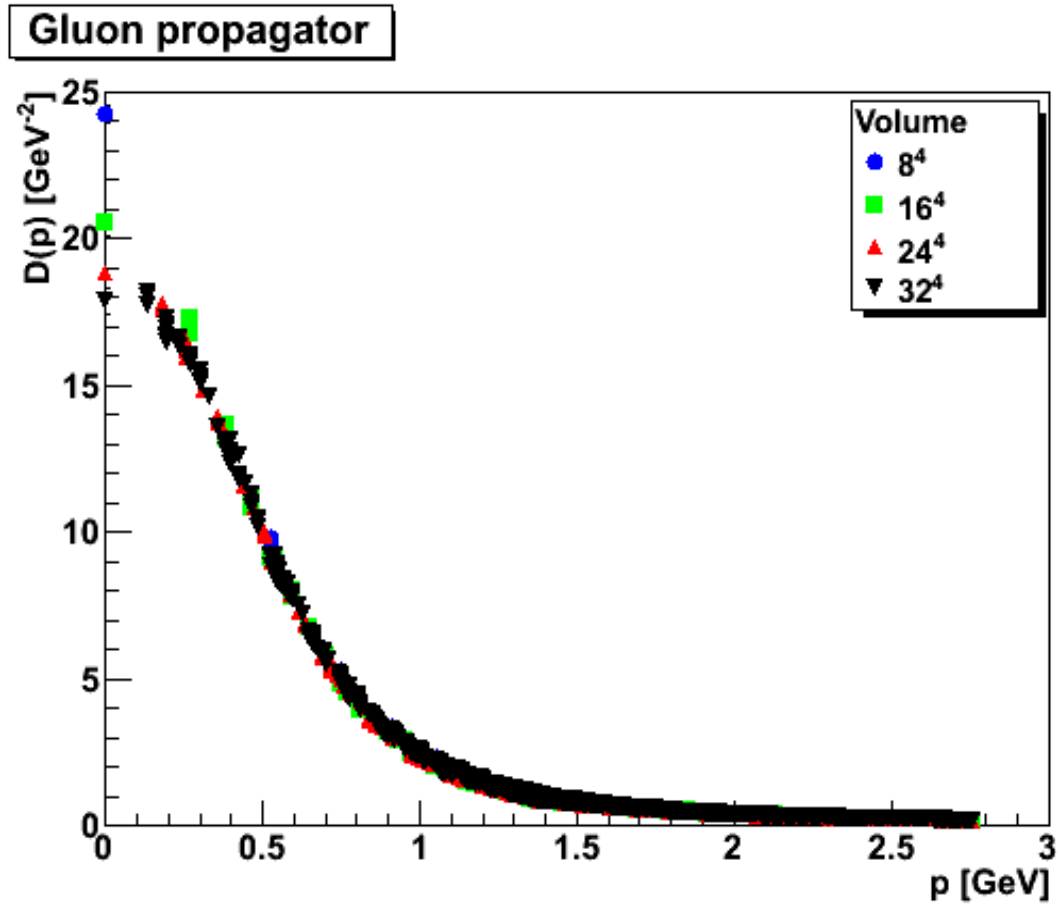
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- Requires more complicated renormalization

$$D_H(\mu) = D_H^{tl}(\mu)$$
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$$D_H^{tl}(p) = 1/(p^2 + m_r^2)$$
$$\mu = m_r$$

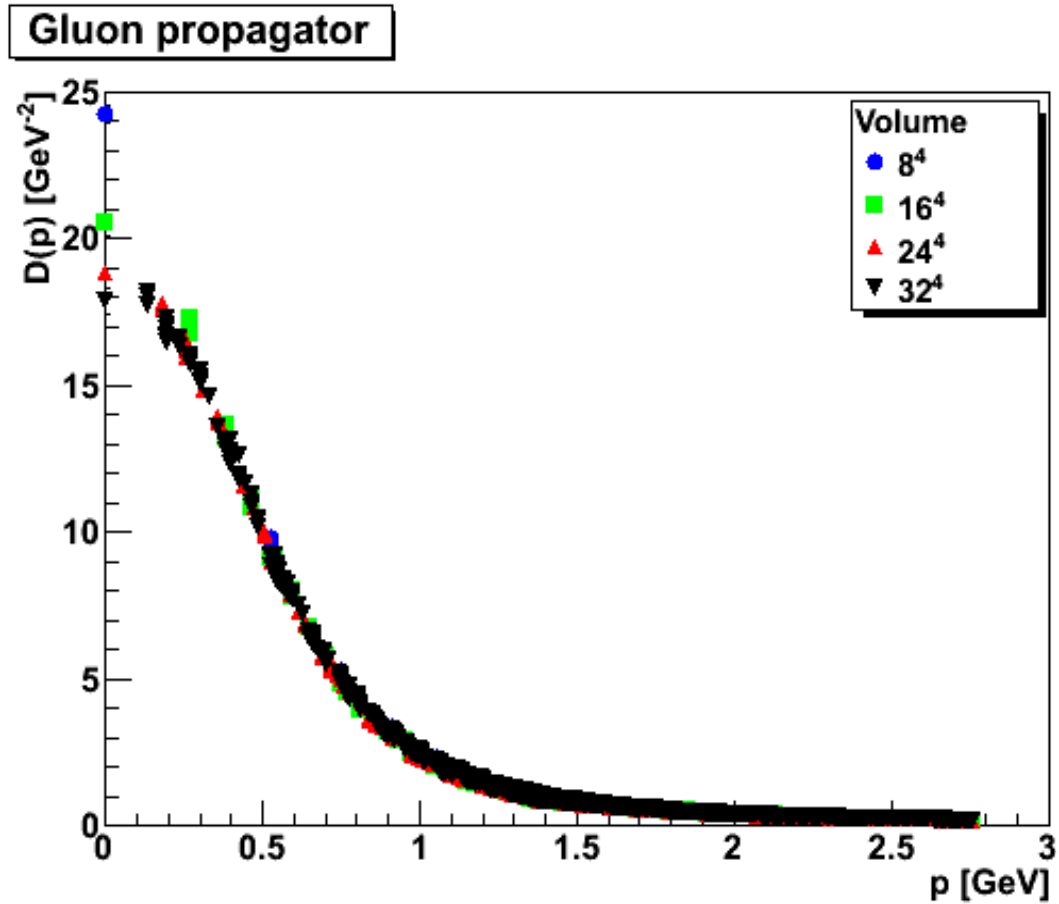
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[Maas, EPJC'11  
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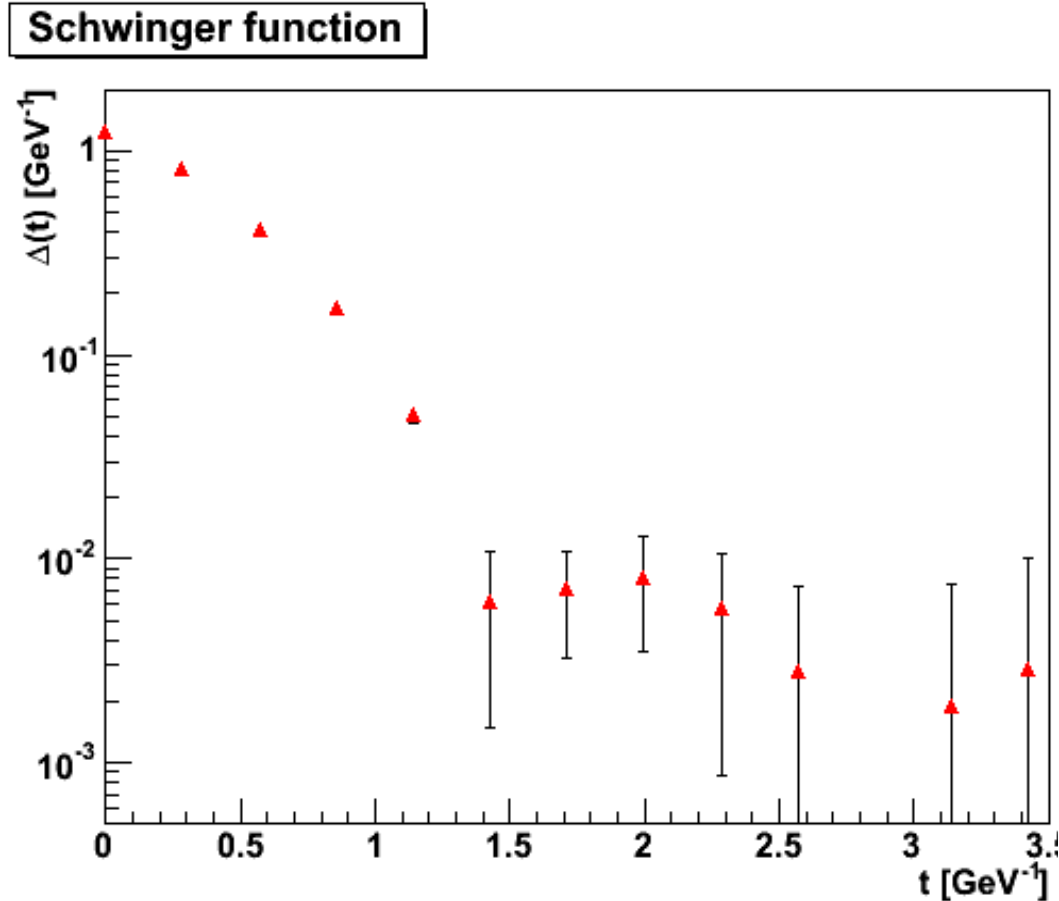
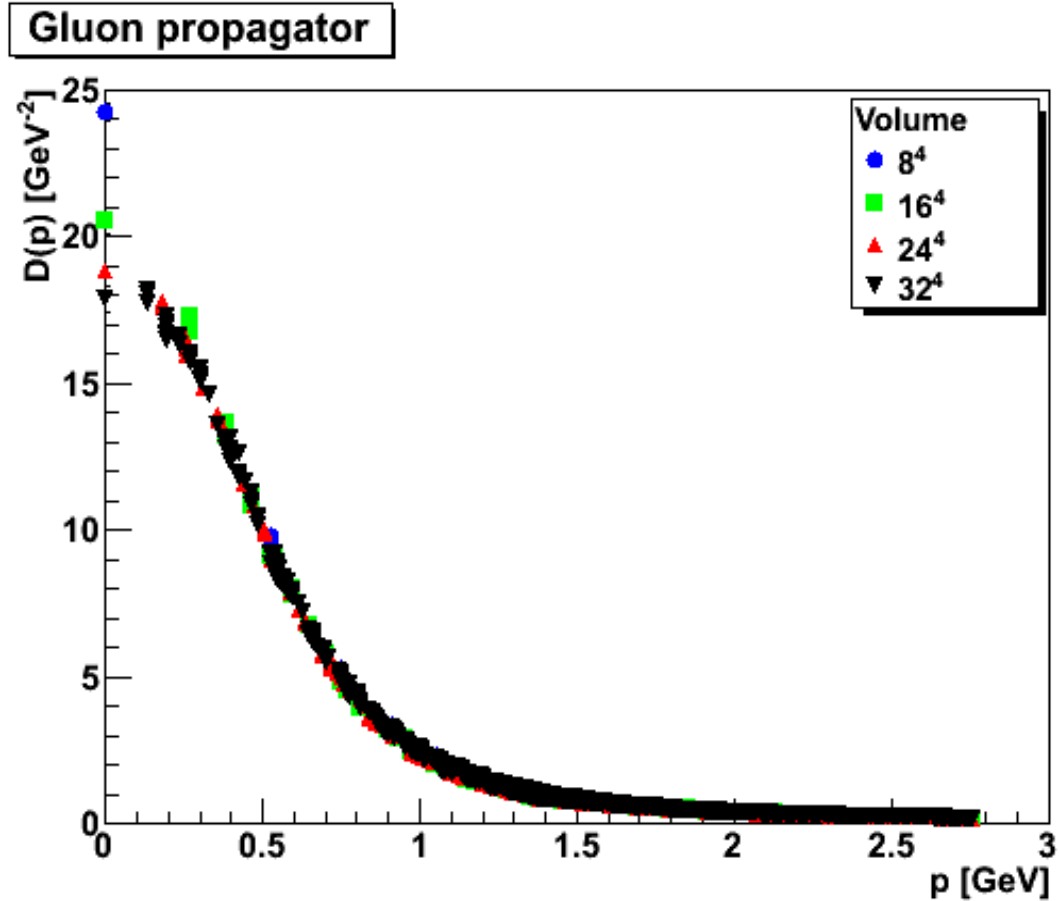
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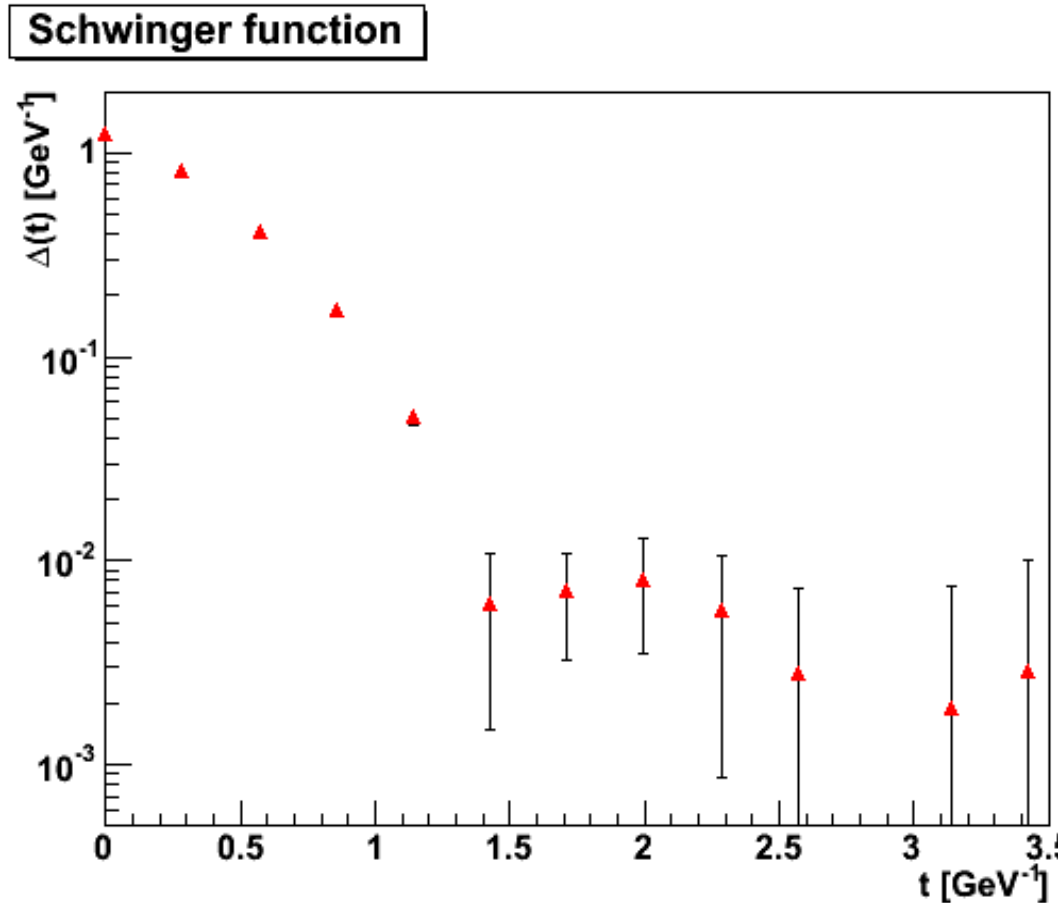
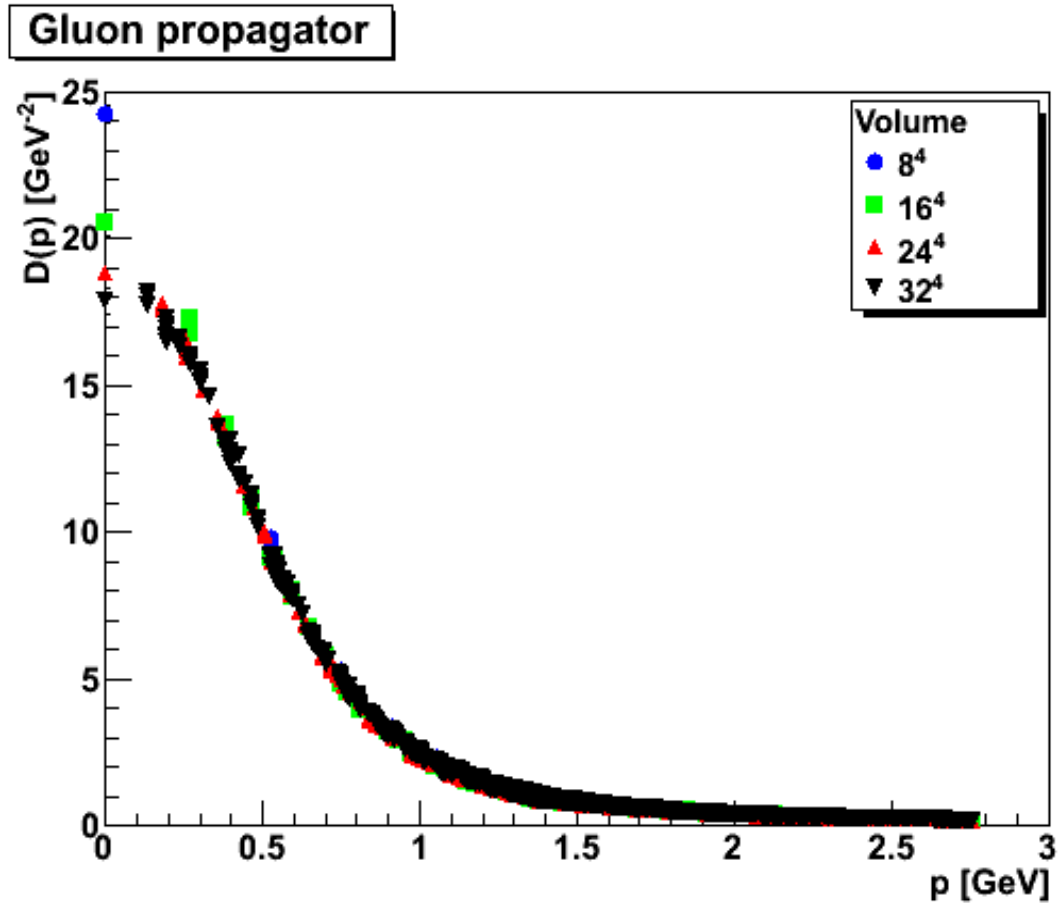
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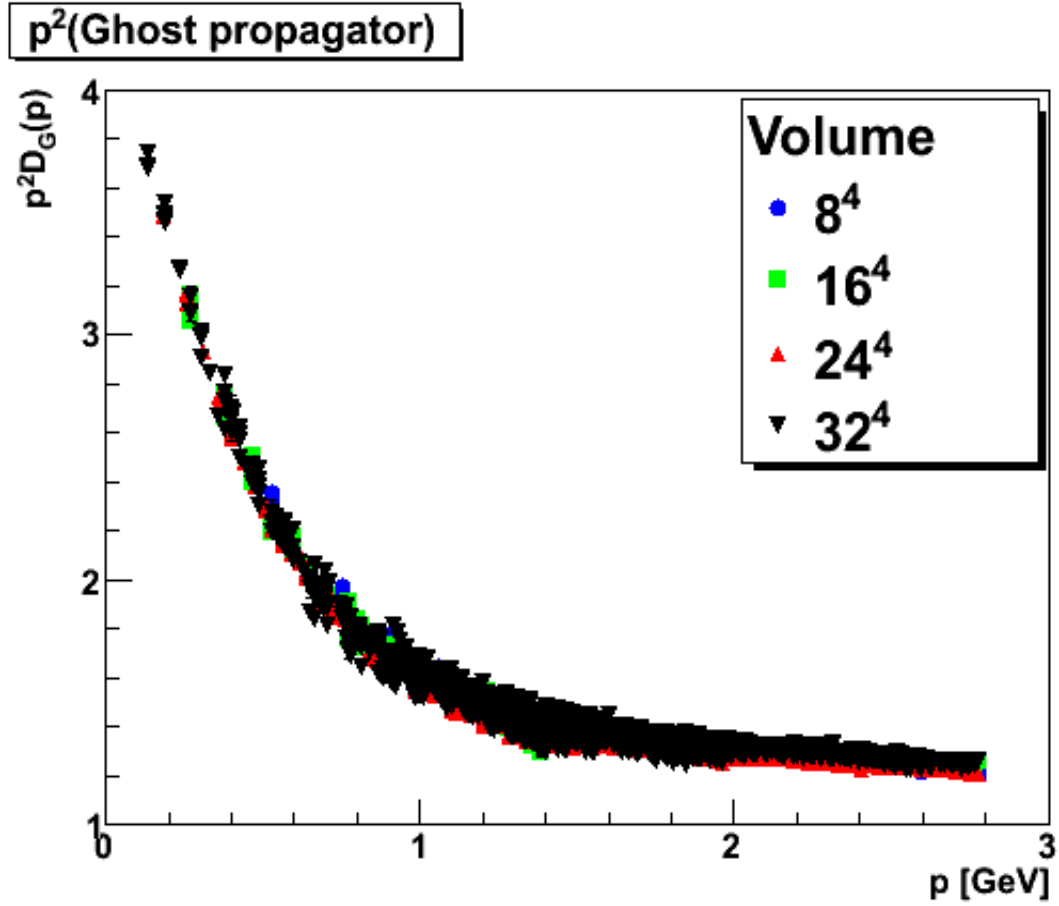


- Significantly volume-dependent
- Decoupling-type
- Positivity violating
- Little impact when changing scalar sector



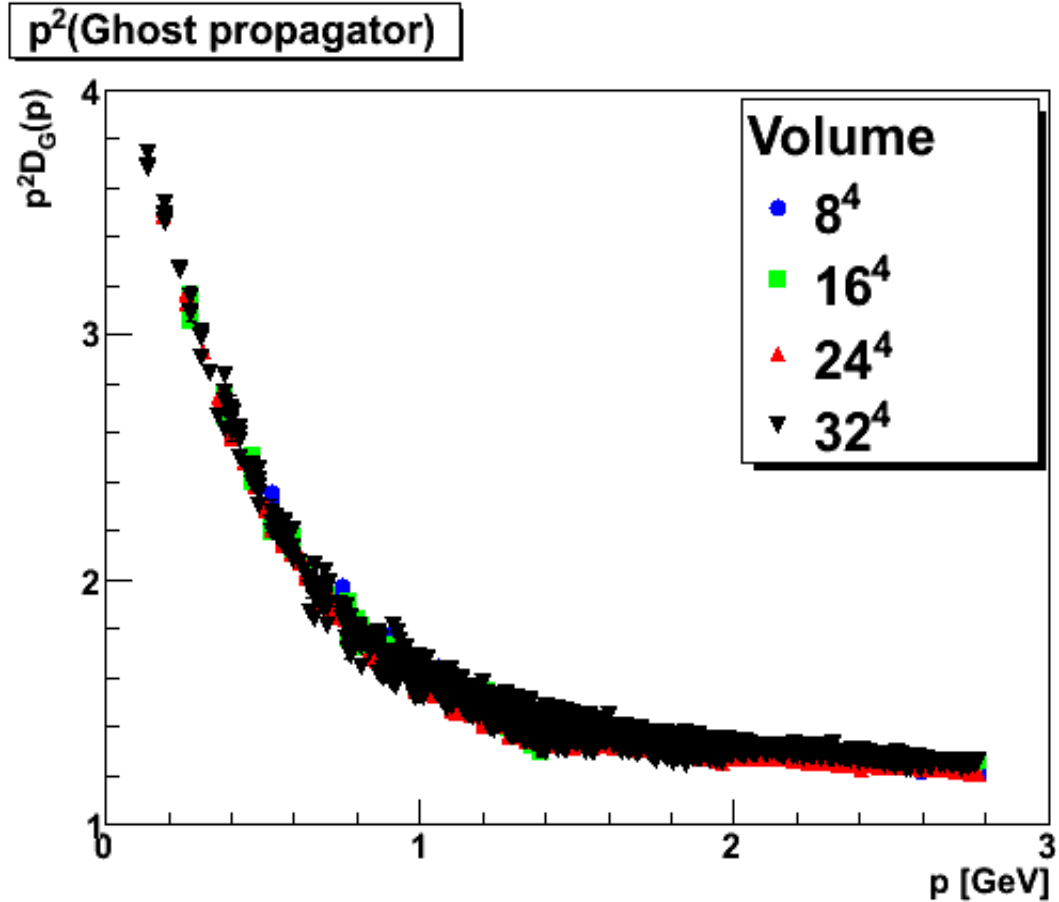
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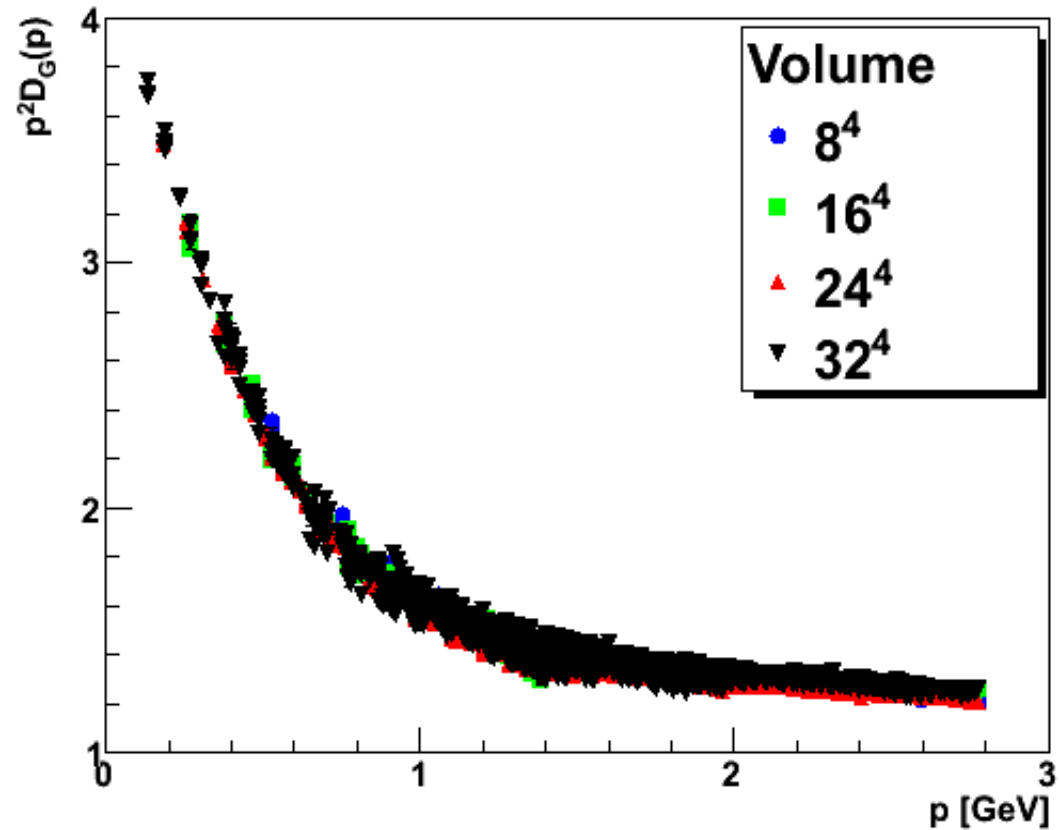


- Infrared enhanced
  - But likely not divergent

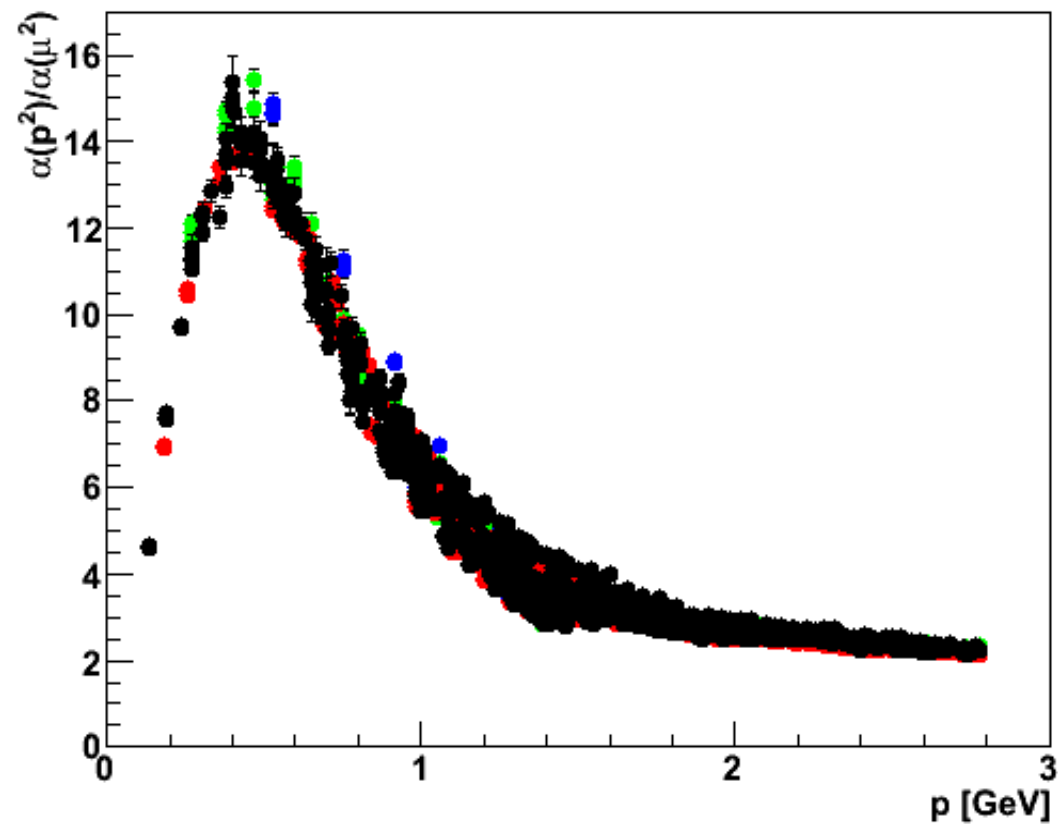
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$p^2 D_G(p)$



Running coupling

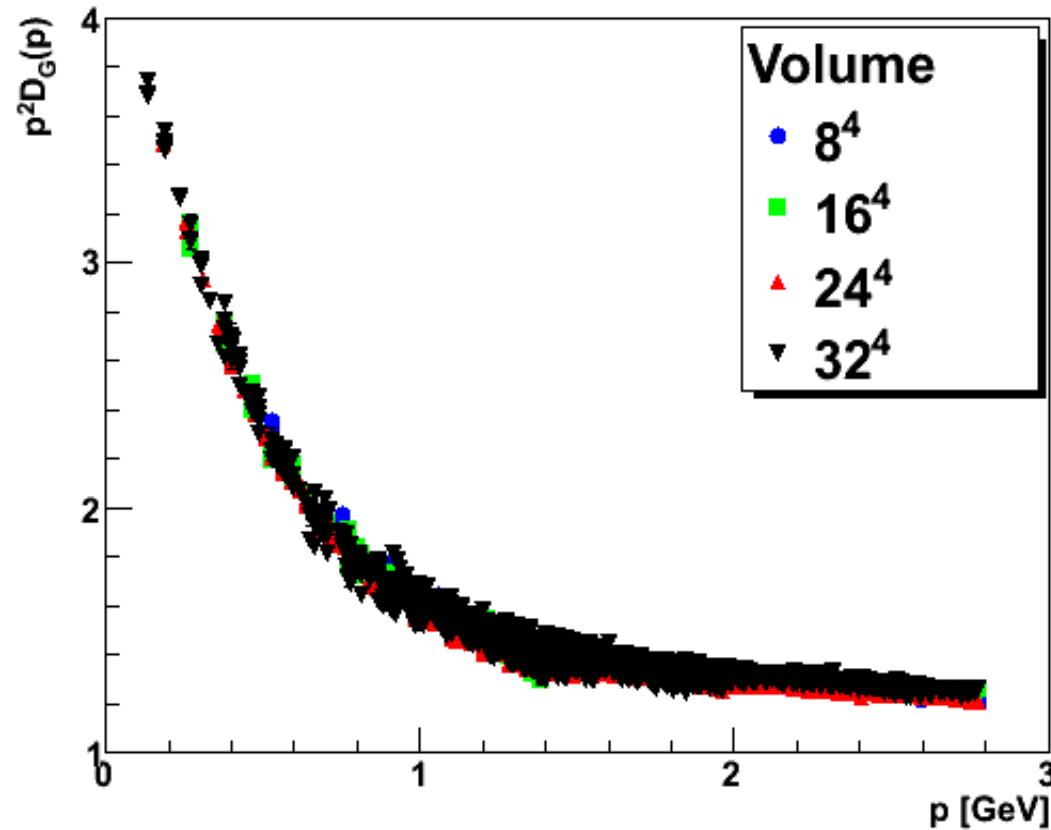


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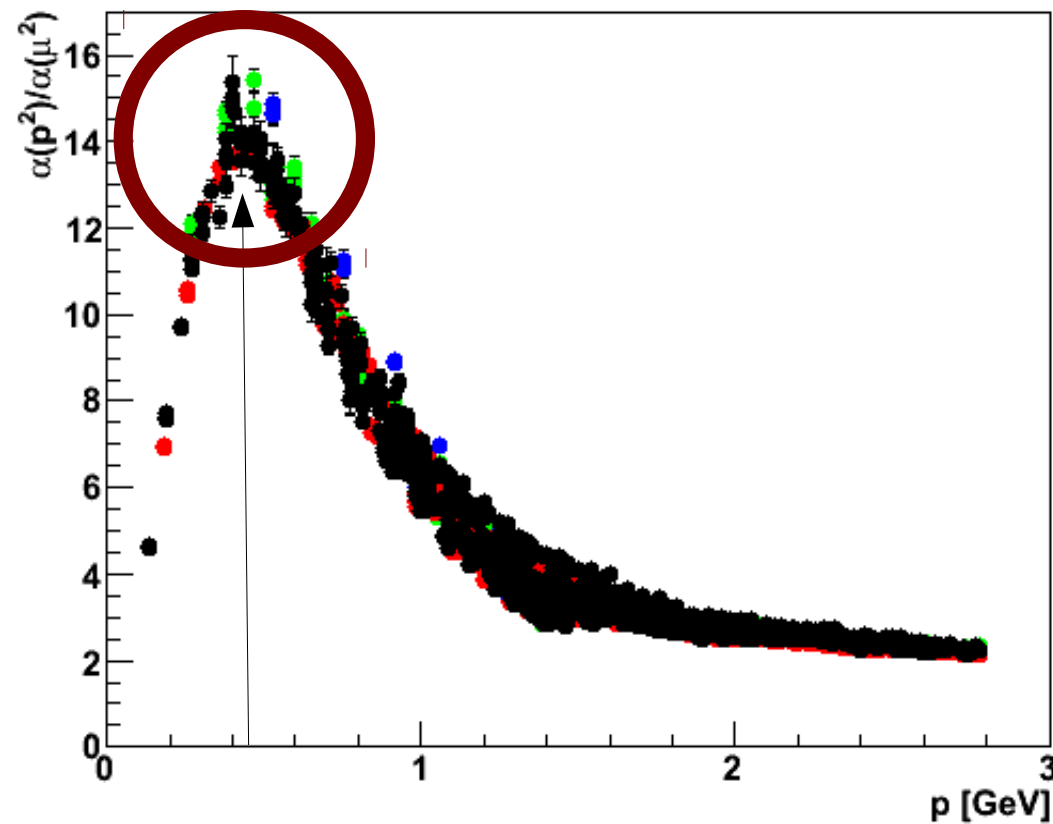
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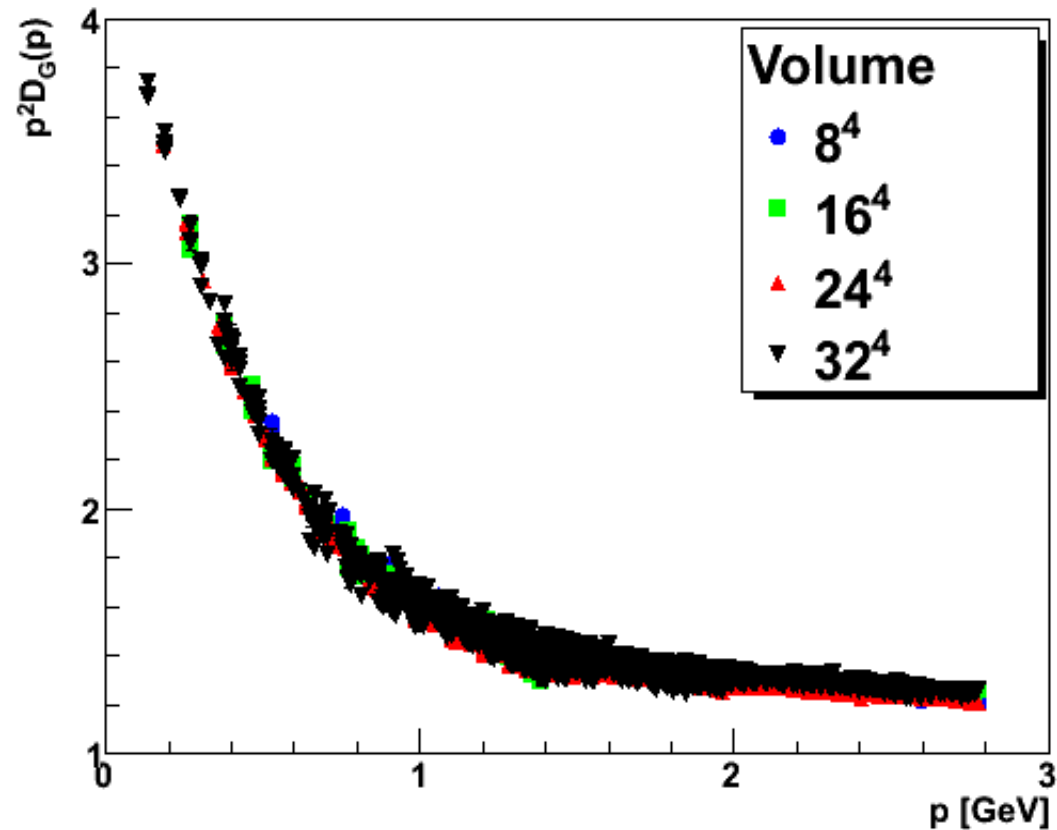


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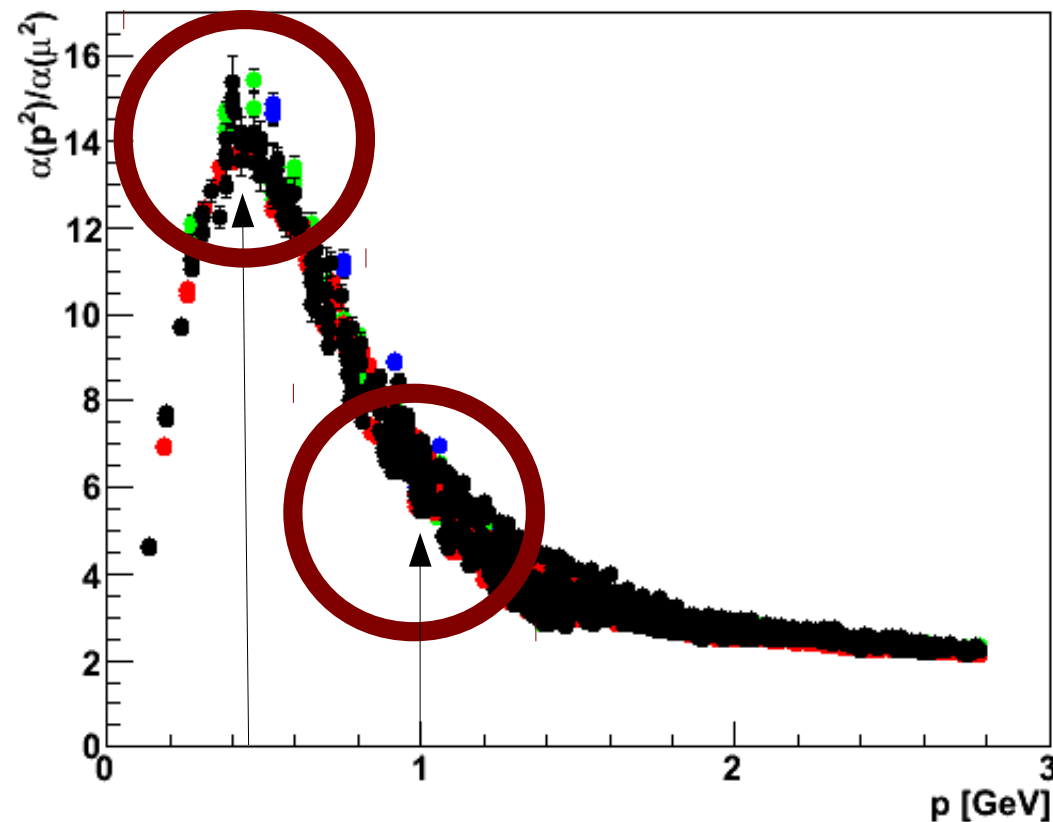
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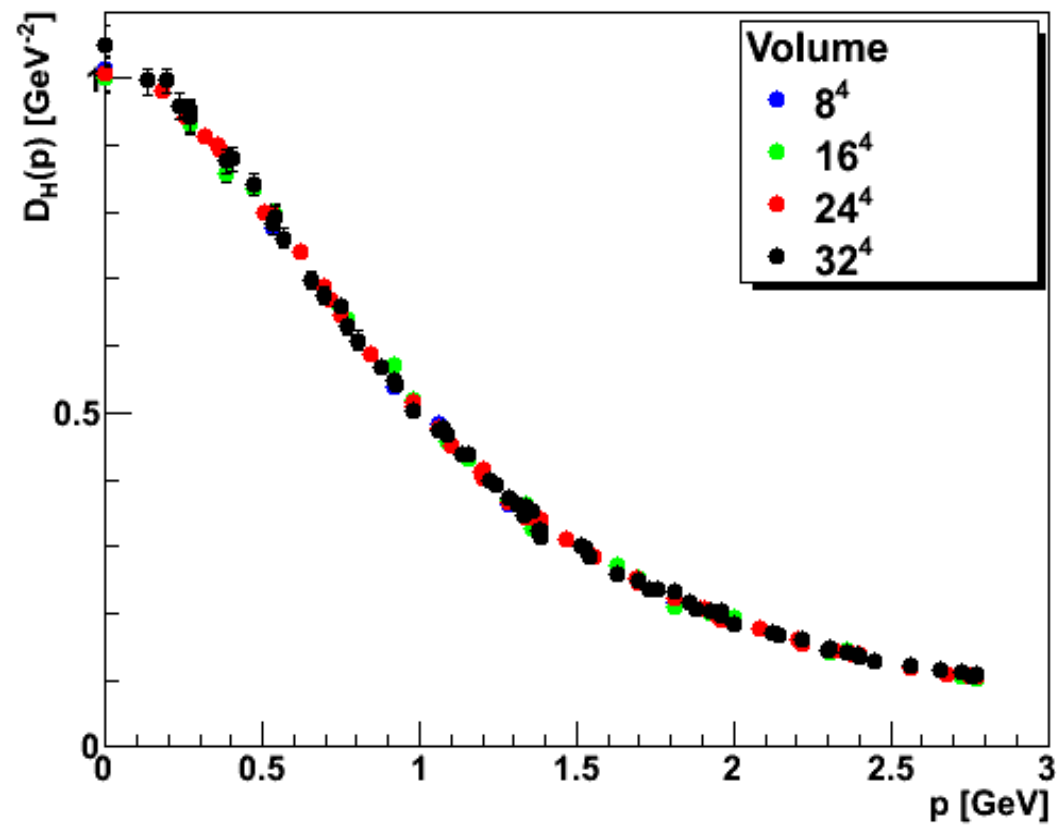
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- Derive a running coupling from  $p^6 D_G^2 D$ 
  - Not strongest at lowest bound state masses

# Scalar quark propagator

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$m_r = 1$  GeV

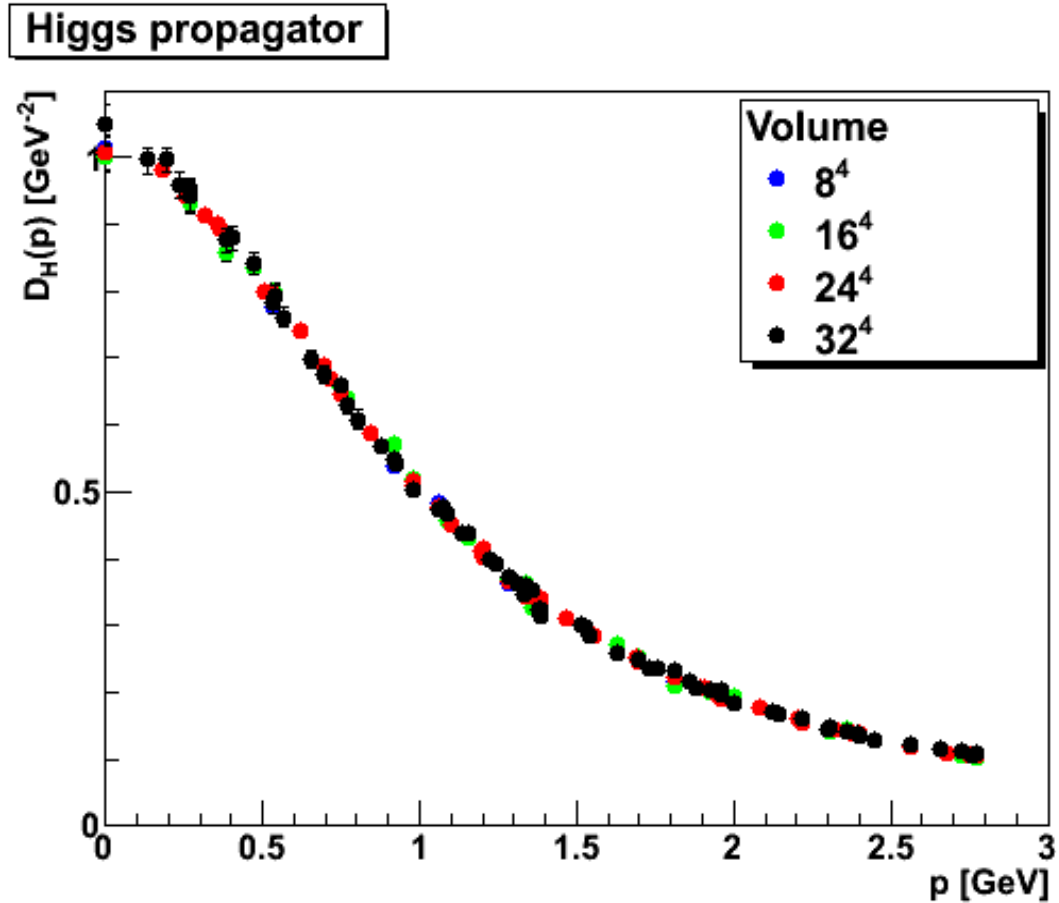
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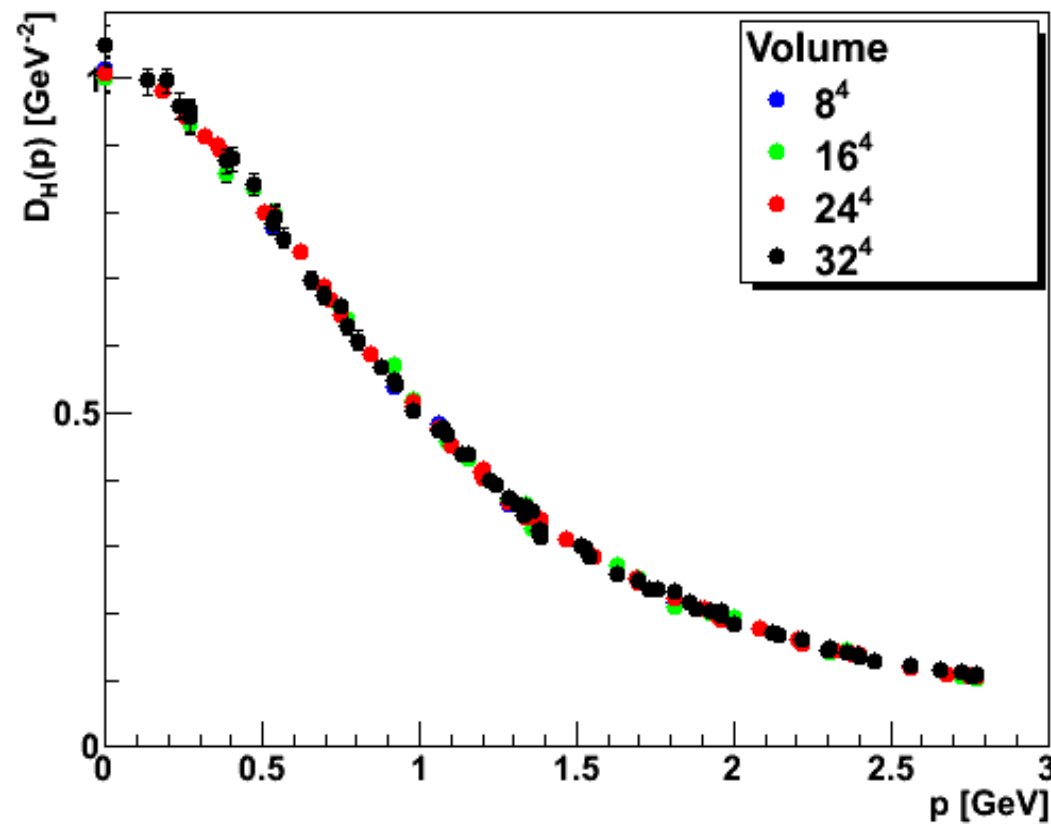


- Requires mass renormalization
  - Tree-level mass zero: “Mass generation”

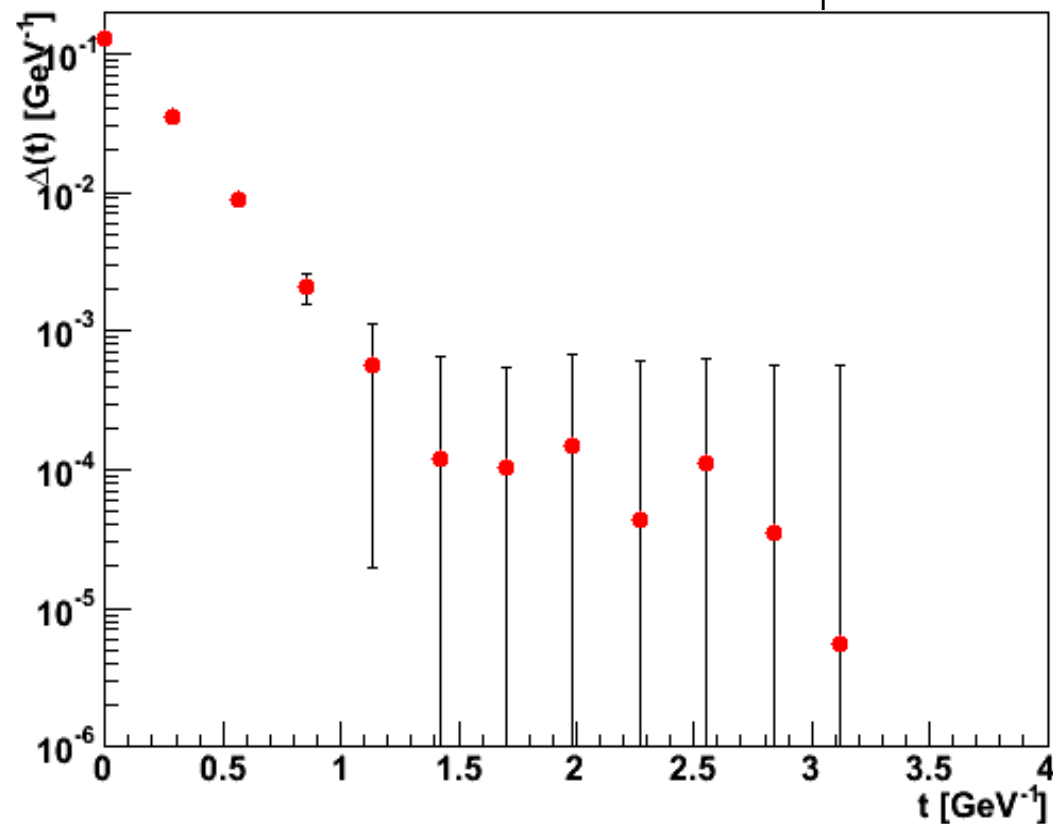
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Higgs propagator



Schwinger function



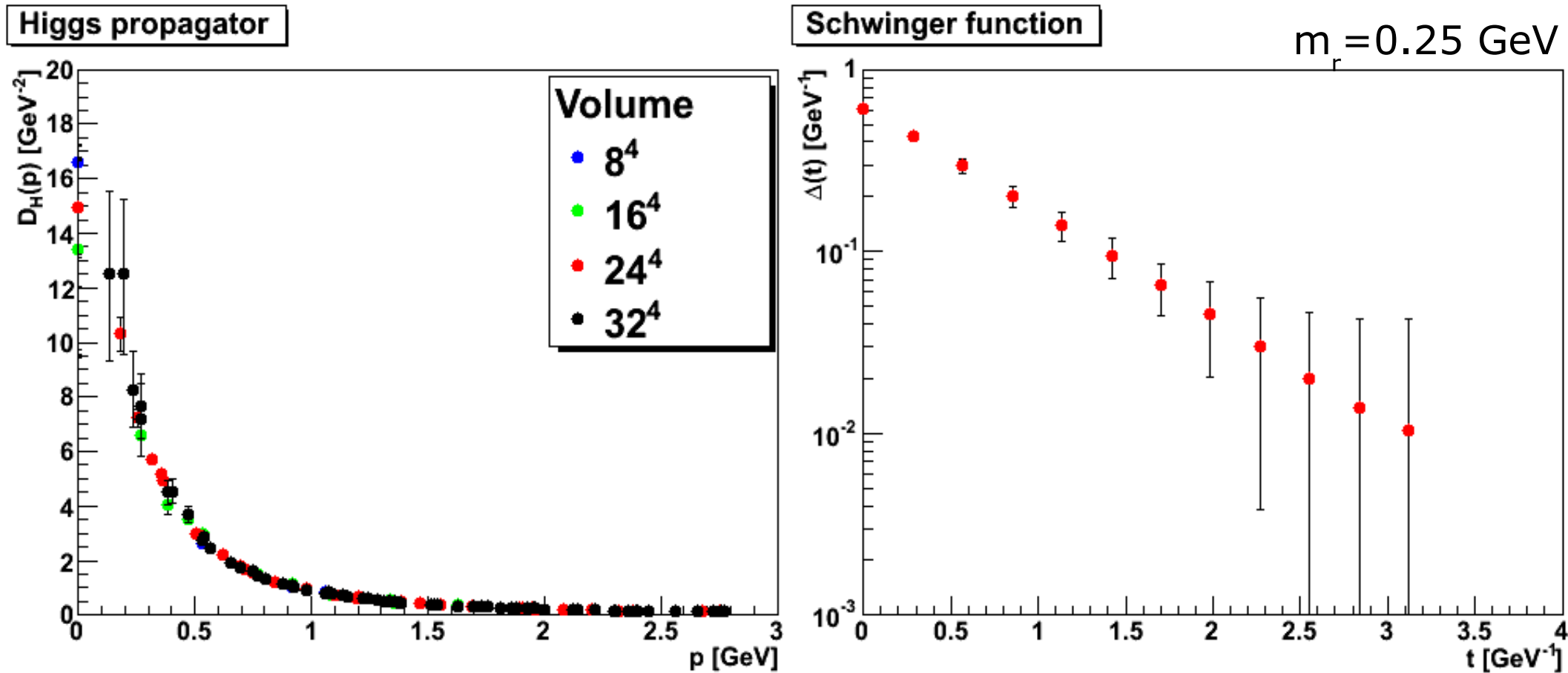
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- $t_F$  makes vertex flavor-conserving

- Flavor-violating vertex vanishes

- Flavor conserved



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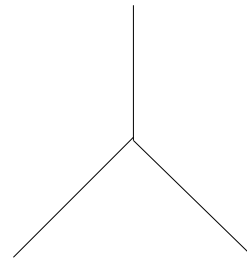
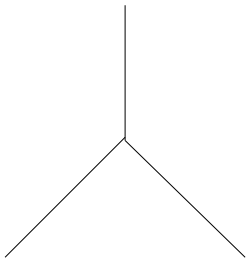
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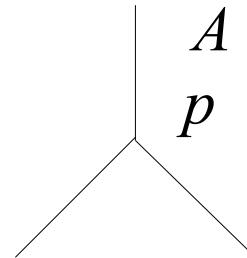
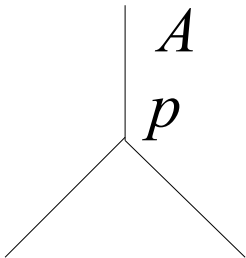
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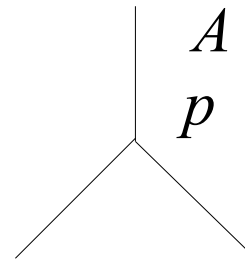
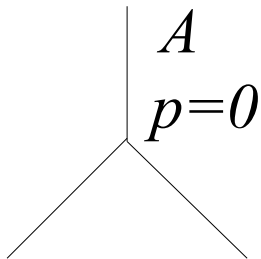
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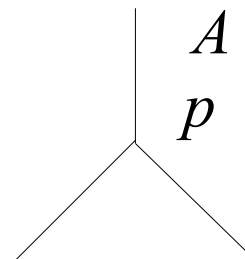
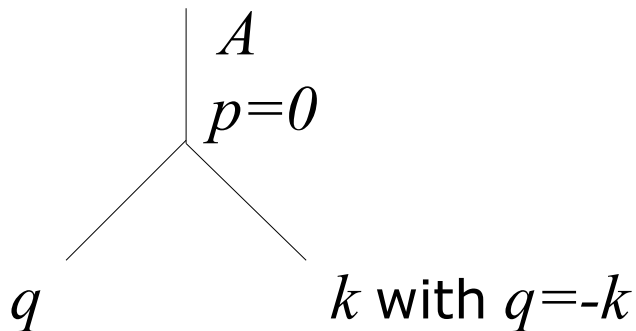
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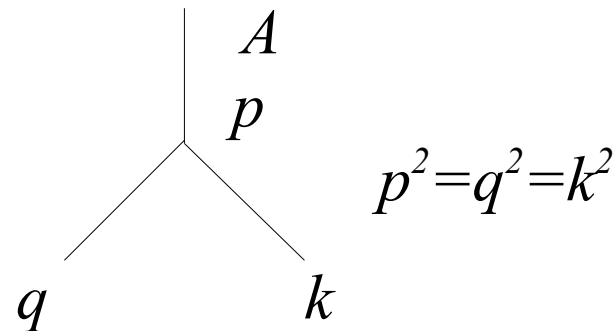
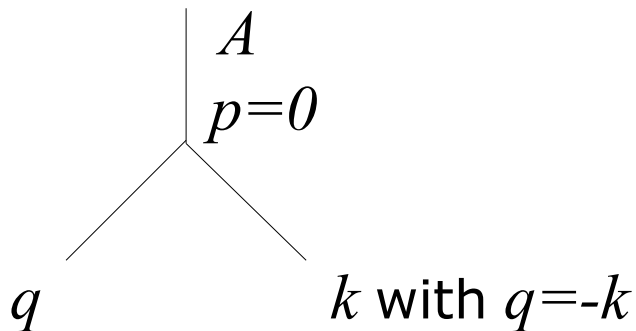
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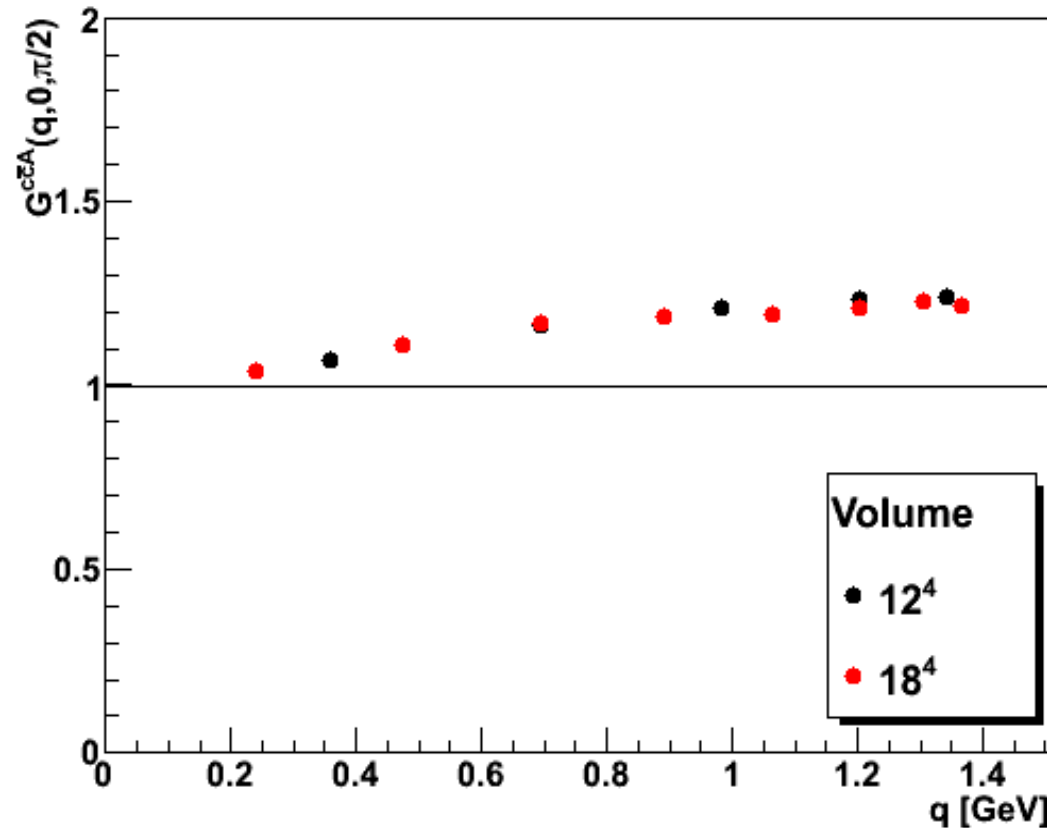
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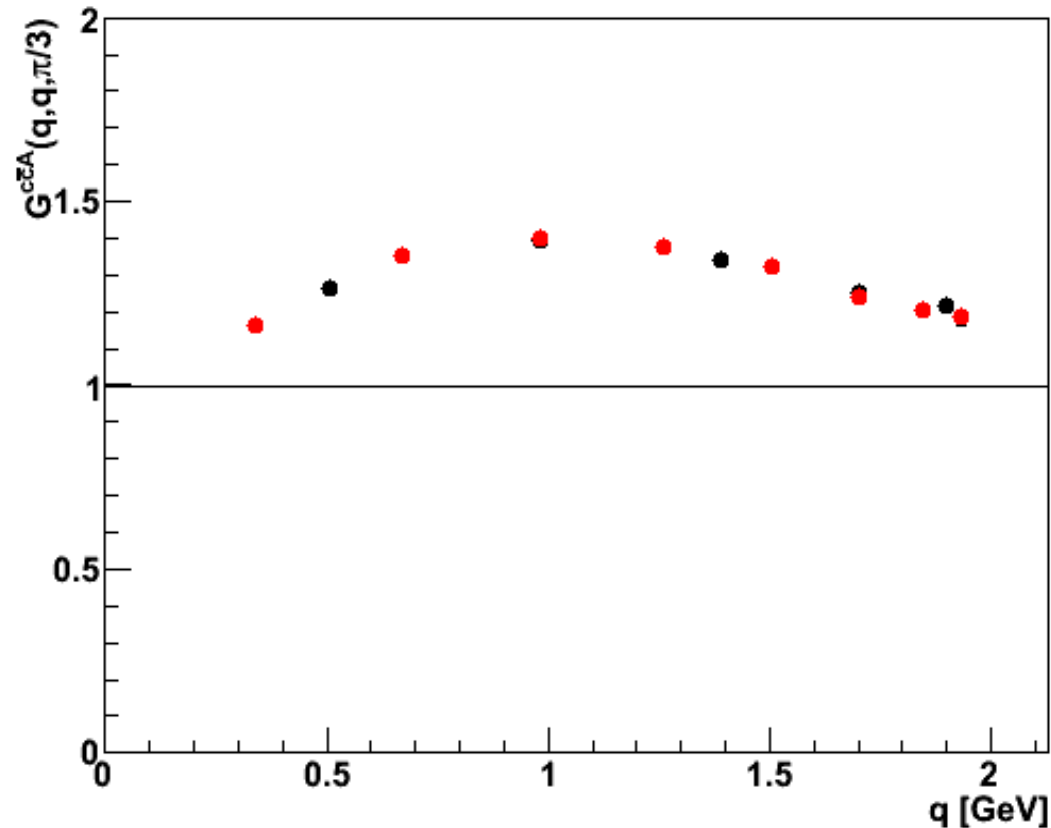


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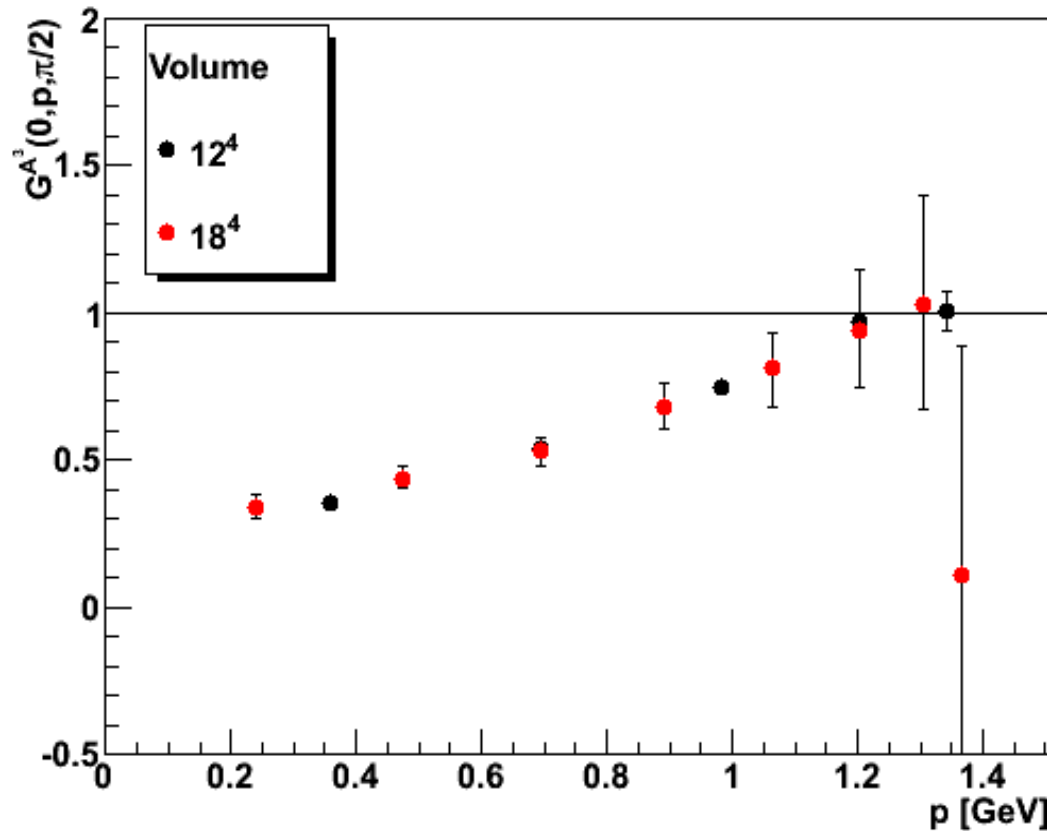
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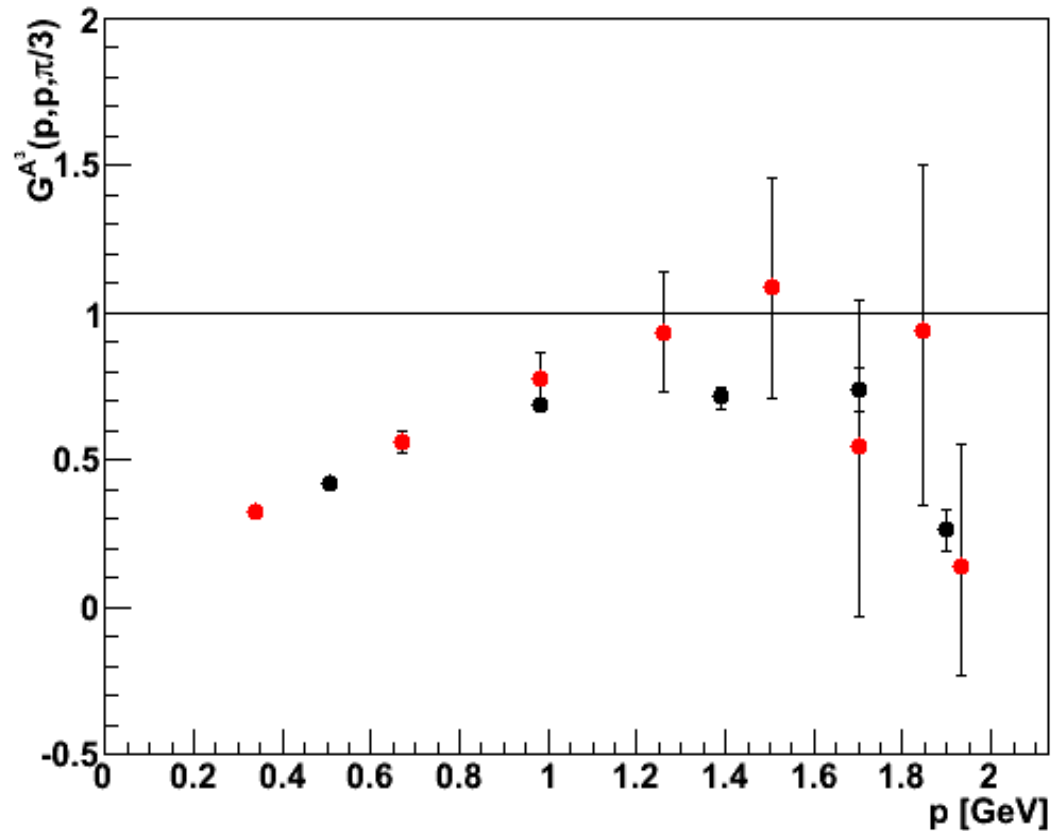
- Only small deviations from tree-level
  - Like in Yang-Mills theory
  - Strongest effect at bound state mass scale

# 3-gluon vertex

Three-gluon vertex, one momentum vanishing



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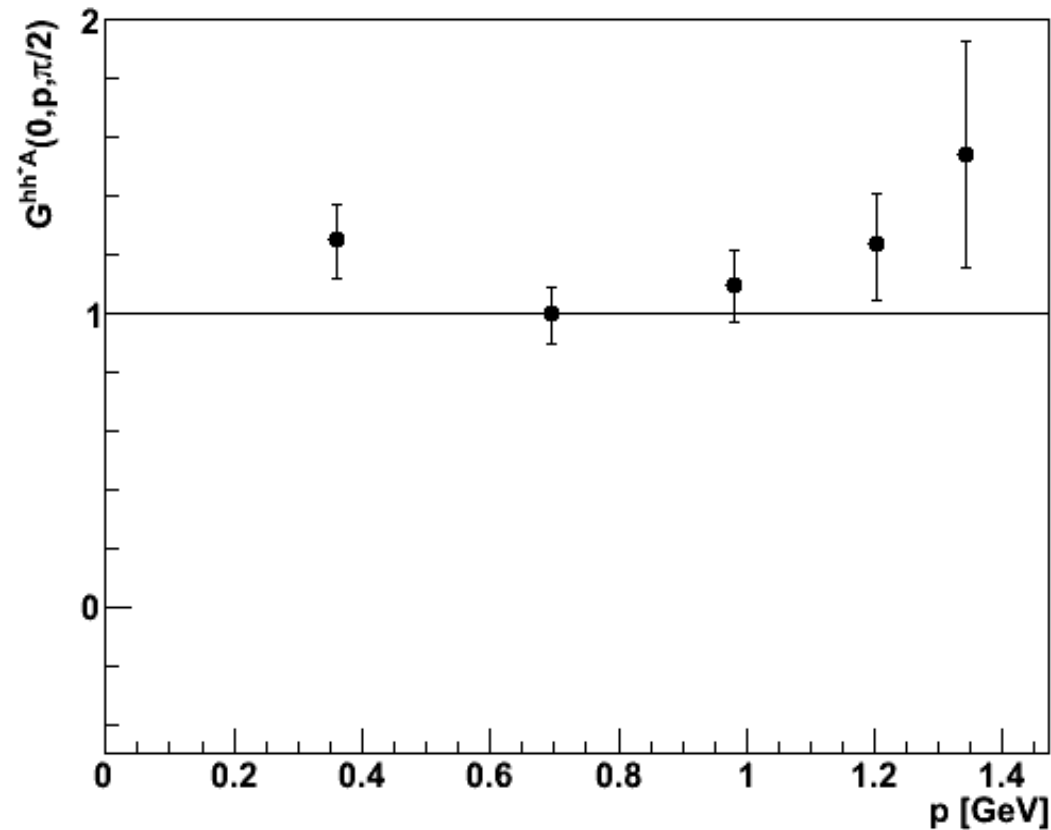


- Infrared suppressed
  - Sets in at bound state mass scale
  - Absence of (supposed) sign change of Yang-Mills theory at small momenta?

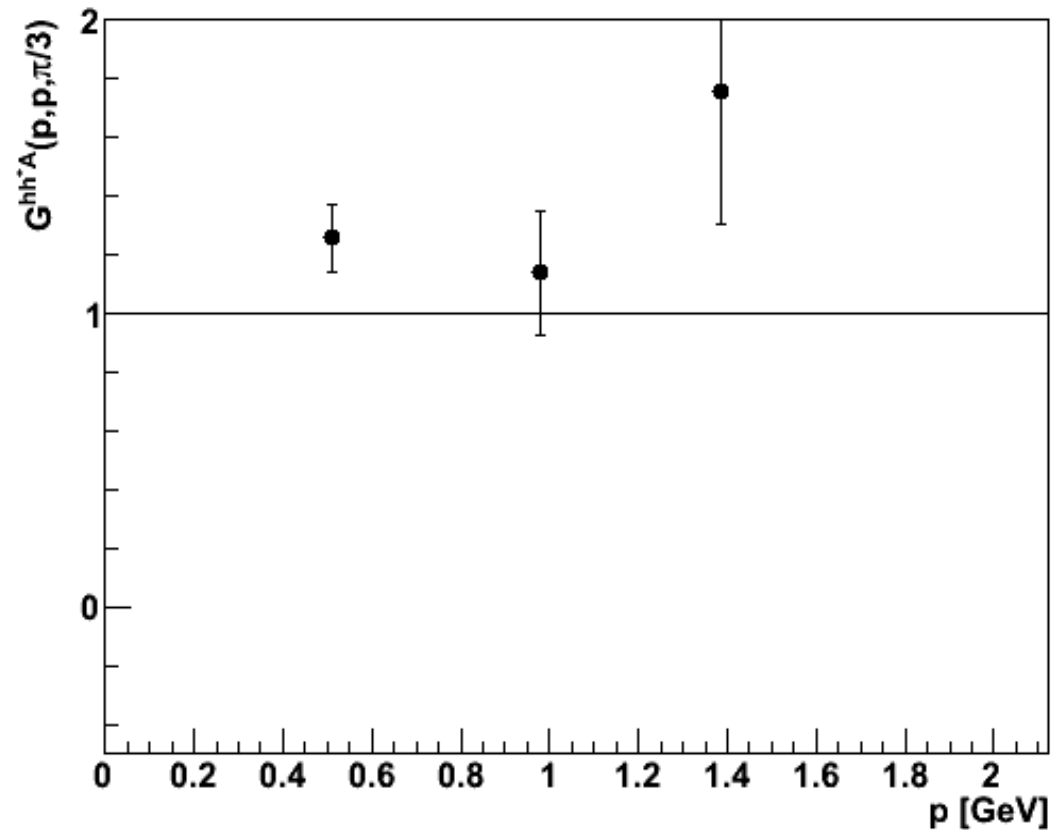


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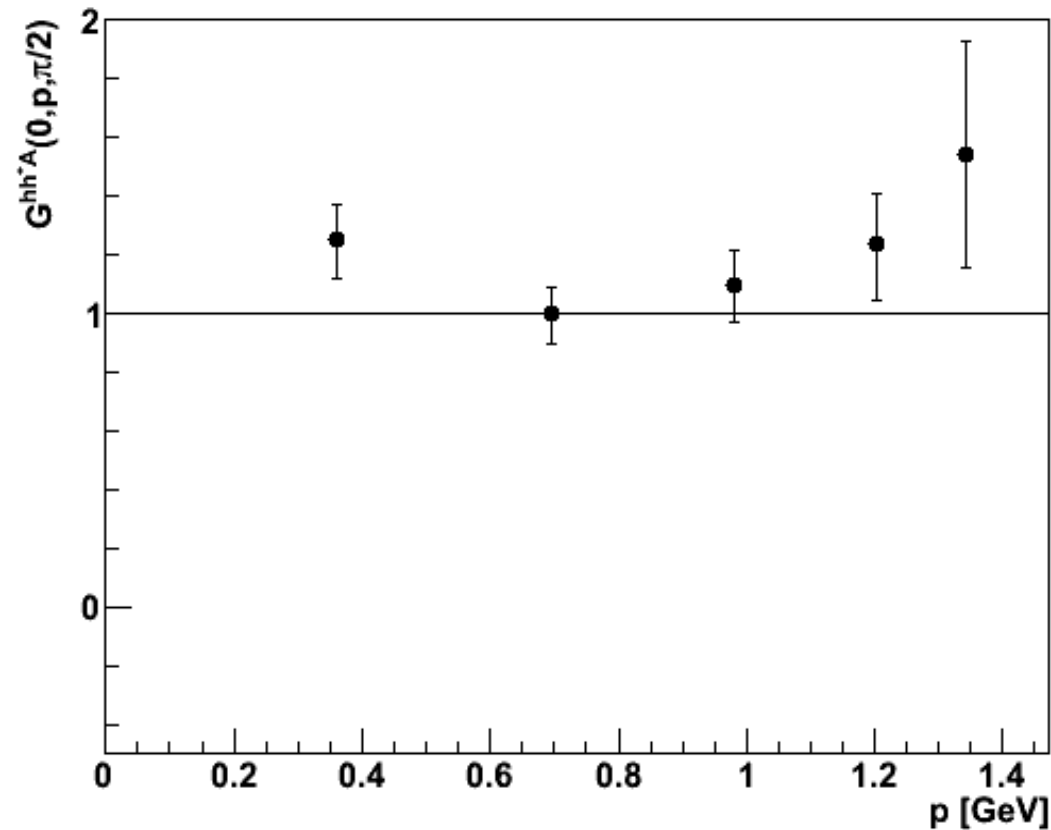
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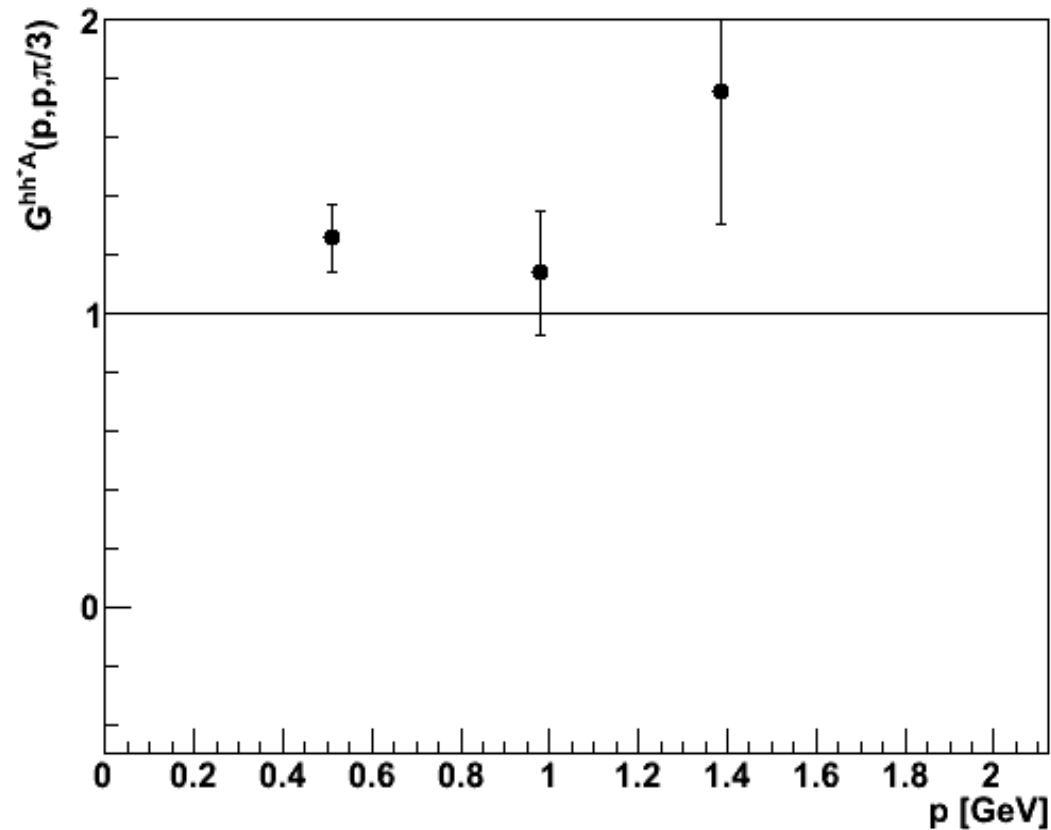
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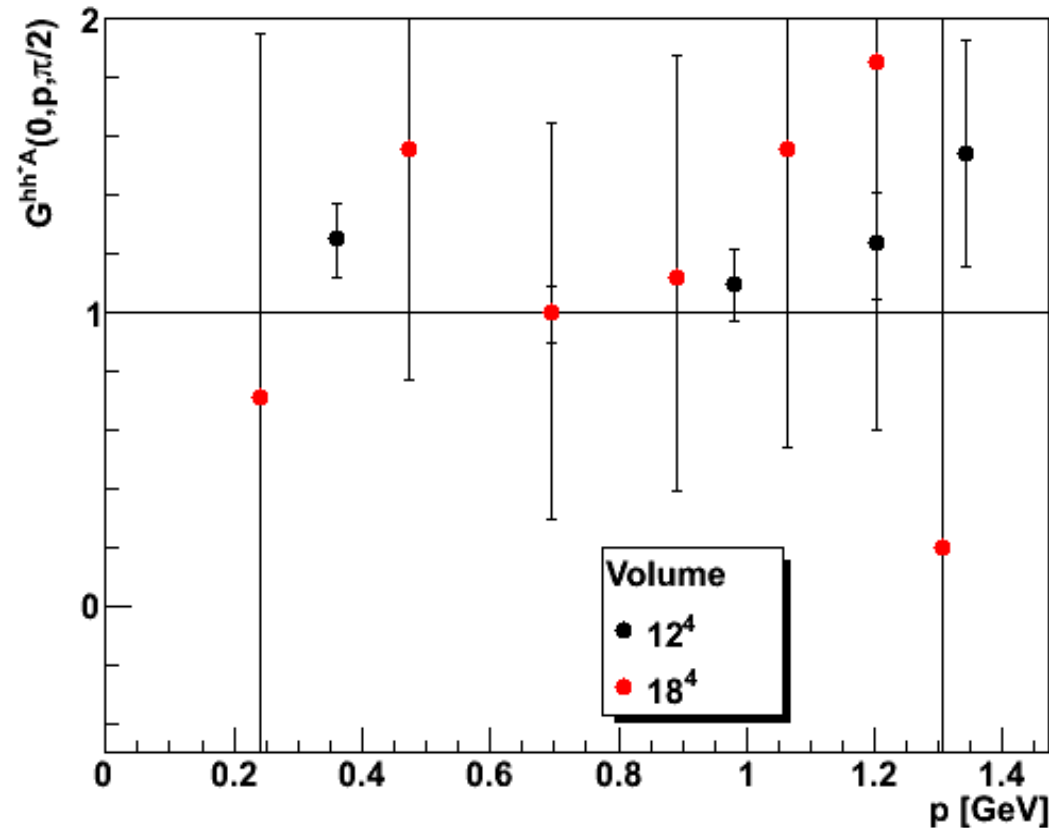
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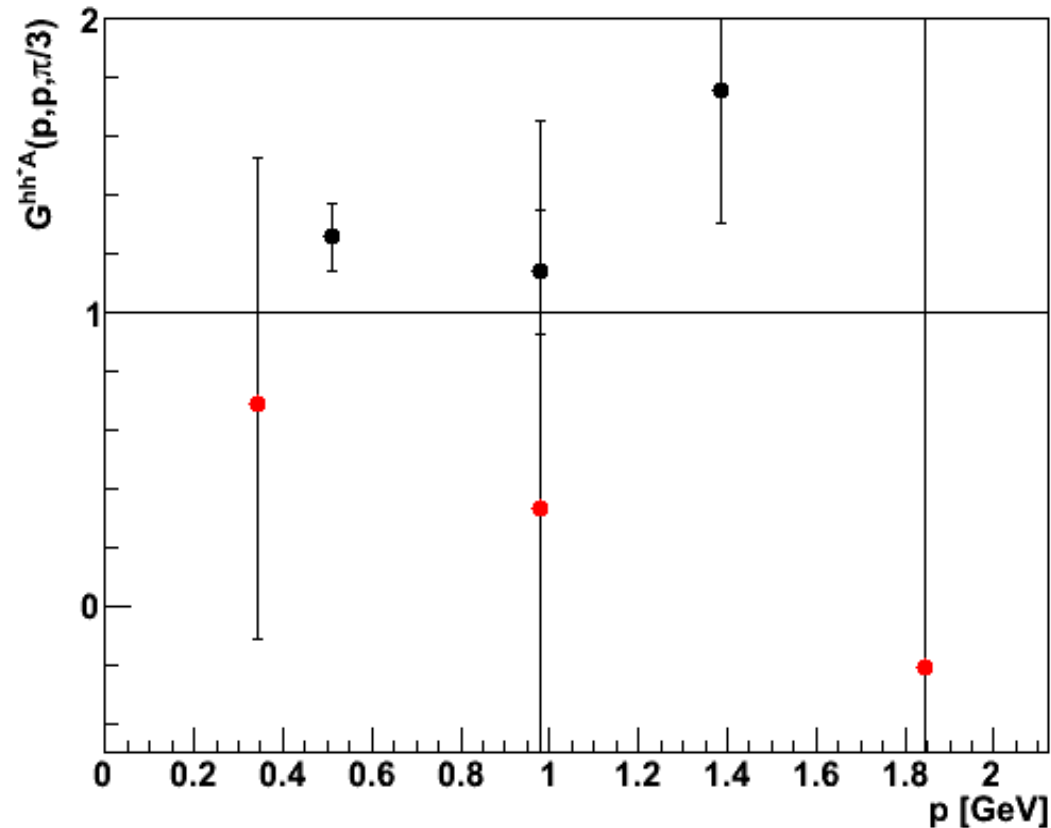
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